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EA 2006-11

December 28, 2006

2003-2005 PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKS FOR NATURAL GAS UTILITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

Summary data of gas utility financial profiles and performance appear in this Energy Analysis. The intent is to provide industry participants and observers with relative measures of financial returns and operational efficiencies of natural gas distribution companies. For this study, the American Gas Association (AGA) collected data from its members. The data source for these benchmarking metrics is the Uniform Statistical Report (USR), which is administered annually by AGA on behalf of its member companies. Results are presented for the years 2003 through 2005. Additional information, including company specific information, is included in an attachment to this analysis and available only to AGA member companies.

For study purposes, the gas utility industry is segmented into distinct groups: investorowned gas-only utilities, investor-owned combination gas and electric utilities, and municipally owned gas utilities. Summary results are segmented in this sample accordingly. Comprehensive details are provided in the appendices.

II. BACKGROUND

THE NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION INDUSTRY. Approximately 1,400 utilities distribute natural gas to end-use consumers in the U.S. For this analysis, a total of 73 companies were studied for 2005, 77 firms were included in the 2004 sample and the 2003 sample comprised 78 firms.¹ They are located across the continental U.S., and each company has a unique combination of scale, load profile, and climatic attributes. In aggregate, the firms included in this study accounted for 37 percent of natural gas consumed in 2005, 35 percent in 2004 and 31 percent of natural gas consumed in 2003.² *Given this sample size, any inferences about the sample's depiction of the entire industry are accordingly limited.*

Many AGA member companies are gas-only investor-owned utilities, as are the majority of the companies in this analysis. These companies earn returns that accrue to their investors. State-level public utility commissions regulate much of their operations, finance, and capital investment activities.

¹ This set number was determined after eliminating member companies for whom data was either incomplete or not provided at all. Firms with zero net income are excluded from the analysis. This is not a scientific sample in that sample stratification by segment type does not reflect population stratification. See Appendix 9 for list of companies included.

 ² Natural gas distributed for end-use consumption totaled 20.4 Tcf in 200520.6 Tcf in 2004, and 20.2 Tcf in 2003. U.S. Department of Energy / Energy Information Administration, *Natural Gas Monthly*.
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Combination utilities have the franchise rights to transport and sell both gas and electric power commodities. These are also investor-owned firms with financial obligations to shareholders. Like the gas-only investor-owned firms, these companies are subject to various state and federal regulations.

Municipal utilities are publicly owned by the citizens of the jurisdictions that the utilities serve. Local governments enjoy tax-free bond-issuing capabilities, usually at interest rates lower than can be obtained by investor-owned utilities. Ultimately, such debt is usually collateralized by these utilities' abilities to secure tax revenue to back up debt commitments. What an investor-owned utility would pay out in dividends accrues instead to the municipal company's citizen-shareholders in the form of lower rates. Municipal utility regulation is performed primarily by local governments as opposed to state-level commissions.³

DESCRIPTION OF DATA SOURCES. Financial data about AGA member companies are drawn from the Uniform Statistical Report (USR). Member company staff prepares these standardized forms annually for collection by AGA, but companies may choose to withhold any or all of the requested data. Some of the USR duplicates the information found in audited end-of-year financial statements, but the USR requests additional information, such as heating degree-day profiles, type of sales by customer class, number of customers served, and various employment profile statistics. Data for miles of mains came from the US Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety.

DATA LIMITATIONS. Since the data used for this analysis are annual figures only, a few inferential limitations should be noted. First, a single year's data for gas distribution operations are influenced by weather patterns for that year. For the U.S. as a whole, 2005 was 4.9 percent warmer than normal, 2004 was 6.3 percent warmer than normal, and 2003 was 2.5 percent warmer than normal.⁴ The deviation between actual heating degree days (HDDs) vs. historic normals will vary by location. This in turn suggests that utility benchmarks may slightly overstate or understate overall utility financial performance or efficiency of operations when impacted by weather.

Another limitation is that the ability to perform trend analysis is somewhat limited. While three years worth of data are presented here, comparison of actual values (total revenues for example) from year to year can be distorted by changes in sample size. Also, variances in weather can affect these trends. Finally, the data set is only three years and this limits the ability to compare longer-term trends.

Sample size and composition must also be considered as a potential limitation. The industry segment sample sizes used in this study are not consistently proportional to their respective populations. Additionally, the sample size—measured both in number of companies, and more importantly as percentage of total gas deliveries—has varieed over time. Finally, specific company participation in the data collection changes from year to year. This makes annual comparisons of absolute values, such as total number of therms sold, difficult and any resulting conclusions suspect. However, the purpose of ratio analysis is to address this problem and facilitates annual comparisons.

One final consideration is the increased prevalence of transportation services to gas utilities. Transportation customers represent about five percent of total customers, yet these

³ Note that relatively few financial profiles were available for the municipal segment. The operations data used here considers only gas activities. The financial profiles of gas-only and combination municipal utilities are blended together for summary purposes.

⁴ Source: A.G.A. *Gas Facts*, Table 6-16.

customers account for more than one-third of total gas delivered. A growing percentage of transportation volumes impacts metrics based on total gas revenue.

III. BENCHMARKING METRICS

Benchmarking metrics created for this study take several forms. Typical accounting ratios based on income statements and balance sheets serve as financial performance indicators. Financial statements are also recast in "same-size" formats, which present line items in percentage terms. Other benchmarks describe numbers of employees, meters, and volumes of gas throughput. All AGA data are summarized so that no individual company statistics are revealed. Additionally, summaries are created which divide the industry into type-of-company segments. These include gas utilities, combination gas & electric utilities, and municipally owned gas utilities.⁵ Appendix 2 is a series of charts that display the range of observations for selected benchmarking metrics. Appendix 9 shows the list of companies that were included in this analysis.

- Utility Operating Profiles Absolute Values (Section IV-A and Appendix 3a). System profiles are summarized here by type of company. This data includes information on gas volumes delivered as well as the number of customers by class.
- Financial Statements Absolute Values (Section IV-B and Appendix 3b). Income statement and balance sheet data are summarized here by type of company.⁶ Income statement amounts are expressed in absolute dollars in Appendix 3b. Note that these items represent gas operations only.
- Financial Statements Same-Size Analysis (Appendix 3c). The financial statement data shown in absolute values are re-cast in percentage terms for a same-size analysis. Income statement line items are in percentages relative to operating revenue while balance sheet items are expressed as a percentage of total assets. This shows the disposition of a firm's revenue and composition of its asset base without respect to the size of an individual firm.
- Financial Statements Per Cost Driver (Section IV-B and Appendix 3d). Income statements are shown in several formats: per therm delivered, per customer served, per dollar value of gas plant in service, and per mile of main and service pipe in operation.
- Financial Ratios (Section IV-D and Appendix 3e). These are conventional financial analysis tools, and they compare a company's financial status to other firms or types of firms. Ratios are calculated from group totals or weighted averages (explanations are provided in the Glossary, Appendix 1).
- O&M Detail Analysis (Section IV-C and Appendix 4). These cost elements represent major gas delivery activities, starting with purchase or production and continuing sequentially through transmission, distribution, customer service, sales activities, and administrative and general (A&G) accounting. These results are also arrayed by type of company. Benchmarks for these data are created by expressing each line item on a basis of annual costs per therm delivered. See Table 3 for more detail.

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See Glossary in Appendix 1 for a definition of these categories.

Appendix 3a financial statements are in thousands of dollars.

- Debt Analysis Ratios (Section IV-E). Data are presented to highlight various measures of debt. These include debt as a percent of capitalization and interest coverage ratios. The data in this section necessarily include both gas and electric operations.
- Wages and benefits: Ratios and Same-Size Analysis (Section IV-G and Appendix 5). Data about utility employment and benefits profiles are included. These measures are intended to illustrate the norms for staffing levels and expenses as they vary by type of firm. Benchmark measures include:
 - >> Total salaries and wages per employee
 - >> Total benefits and pensions per employee
 - Ratio of total benefits to total compensation
 - Annual therm throughput per employee
 - Average annual customers served per employee
- Profitability (Section IV-F and Appendix 6). Profitability is expressed here in terms of return on assets as well as return on common equity. Since ROA measures the returns attributable to operations (prior to finance costs), ROA in used to describe the relative economic efficiency of natural gas distribution by industry segment. This section will examine selected cost drivers-- numbers of therms sold, of customers served, dollars of gas plant utilized, and miles of pipe in service-- to evaluate each in terms of its impact on ROA. Additionally, return on equity indicates the rate of return that a firm earns on its equity base. This section will present ROE for each of the various segments, as well as decompose this measure to gain a better understanding as to what is driving changes in ROE. See Table 6 for more detail.

IV. BENCHMARK DISCUSSION

IV-A. OVERVIEW

Benchmark summaries are presented here in order of accounting process: revenues are discussed first, followed by O&M costs, operating income, debt management, capitalized income values, and profitability. Finally, wage and benefit profiles are discussed. Table 1 summarizes the scope and scale of the companies studied. It is important to emphasize that the following data are meant to illustrate the typical company studied in this sample and absolute values should not be extrapolated to the industry as whole. This is especially true of the average number of customers.

TABLE 1

UTILITY PROFILES

STATISTICAL SUMMARY, BY INDUSTRY SEGMENT DATA BASED ON SEGMENT AVERAGES

	2003	2004	2005
All Companies	78 Firms	77 Firms	73 Firms
Number of gas customers	430,290	532,112	567,953
Annual therms delivered ('000)	815,478	928,140	1,026,994
Annual therms delivered per account	2,058	1,972	2,195
Therms delivered per \$1000 of gas plant	1,045	1,000	1,007
Density of system ²	N/A	61.4	67.7
Firm sales ³	88.8%	91.0%	90.8%
Gas utilities	54 Firms	52 Firms	48 Firms
Number of gas customers	481,136	507,736	582,870
Annual therms delivered ('000)	925,143	951,949	1,137,638
Annual therms delivered per account	2,185	2,093	2,110
Therms delivered per \$1000 of gas plant	1,075	1,028	1,029
Density of system ²	N/A	59.9	66.4
Firm sales ³	88.7%	90.2%	90.3%
Comb. Gas & Electric Utilities ¹	14 Firms	17 Firms	16 Firms
Number of gas customers	403,687	773,343	734,300
Annual therms delivered ('000)	810,969	1,174,895	1,128,811
Annual therms delivered per account	2,130	1,961	1,966
Therms delivered per \$1000 of gas plant	1,030	982	1,065
Density of system ²	N/A	61.8	71.0
Firm sales ³	95.6%	97.7%	96.7%
Municipal Utilities	10 Firms	8 Firms	9 Firms
Number of gas customers	192,963	177,946	192,669
Annual therms delivered ('000)	229,600	249,028	255,887
Annual therms delivered per account	1,594	1,577	1,493
Therms delivered per \$1000 of gas plant	906	860	783
Density of system ²	N/A	70.0	68.4
Firm sales ³	79.8%	82.1%	82.7%

Source: AGA, USR and US Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety.

¹ Figures for gas operations only.

² "Density" refers to the number of customers per mile of pipe (mains and services combined) in service. 2003 data not comparable due to change in data source

³ Expressed as a percentage of total annual therm volume delivered.

IV-B. REVENUE PERFORMANCE

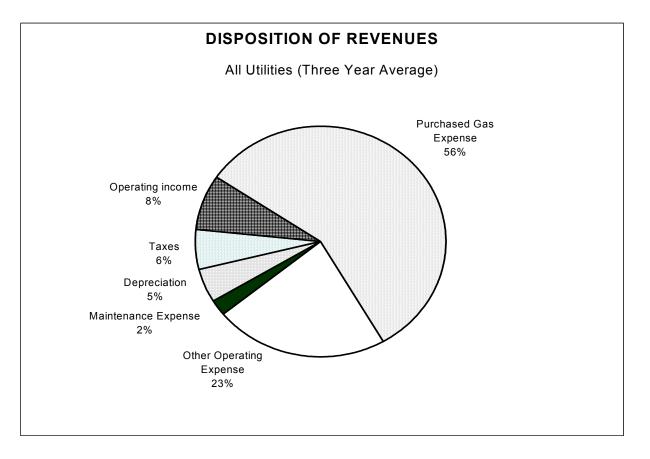
Figure 1 shows the allocation of average revenue for the three years studied. Table 2 summarizes average industry revenue performance by segment. Weather patterns impacted revenues per customer, while changing gas costs impacted both revenues per customer and per therm.

TA	BLE 2		
	JE PERFORMANCE		
	Values per Group		
Data Based off	Segment Averages 2003	2004	2005
All Companies			
Operating revenue ('000)	\$498,770	\$638,983	\$783,387
Per customer	\$1,284	\$1,359	\$1,552
Per therm	\$0.7045	\$0.7773	\$0.8835
Gross sales margin (Rev. – Pur. Gas, '000)	\$229,408	\$227,205	\$256,376
Per customer	\$588	\$471	\$498
Per therm	\$0.319	\$0.285	\$0.284
Collection period (days)	39.2	35.5	42.9
Gas Utilities			
Operating revenue ('000)	\$561,704	\$621,463	\$812,184
Per customer	\$1,282	\$1,394	\$1,569
Per therm	\$0.6672	\$0.7709	\$0.8479
Gross sales margin (Rev. – Pur. Gas, '000)	\$276,019	\$221,664	\$266.512
Per customer	\$650	\$498	\$512
Per therm	\$0.334	\$0.295	\$0.271
Collection period (days)	40.8	37.1	47.2
Comb. Gas & Electric Utilities ¹			
Operating revenue ('000)	\$474,331	\$876,997	\$973,261
Per customer	\$1,014	\$1,218	\$1,441
Per therm	\$0.7453	\$0.7254	\$0.8560
Gross sales margin (Rev. – Pur. Gas, '000)	\$166,810	\$311,107	\$320.644
Per customer	\$451	\$418	\$465
Per therm	\$0.258	\$0.259	\$0.294
Collection period (days)	26.8	28.6	31.8
Municipal Utilities			
Operating revenue ('000)	\$193,138	\$247,085	\$292,250
Per customer	\$1,279	\$1,430	\$1,661
Per therm	\$0.8488	\$0.9290	\$1.1216
Gross sales margin (Rev. – Pur. Gas, '000)	\$65,346	\$84,926	\$88.059
Per customer	\$439	\$411	\$473
Per therm	\$0.325	\$0.276	\$0.333
Collection period (days)	48.2	40.4	39.7

Source: A.G.A.

¹ Figures for gas operations only.

FIGURE 1



IV-C. O&M ANALYSIS

Operations and maintenance (O&M) expenses are those costs specifically attributable to current-year gas distribution activity. These are cost items that are incurred within an annual time period (as opposed to costs amortized over a period of years as is the case with finance costs and depreciation). A presentation of O&M costs on a per-therm basis will facilitate a comparison of cost efficiencies attained by the various industry segments. Table 3 shows average O&M expense detail for the years studied for the combination and gas utility segments.

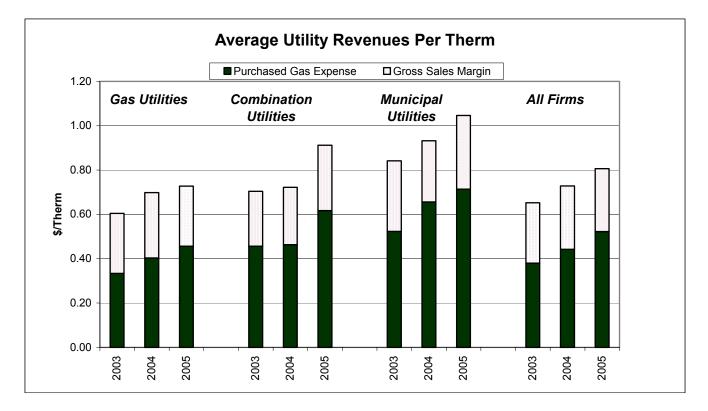


FIGURE 2

Source: AGA, USR.

		TABLE 3				
	UTILITY O	&M DETAIL A				
	GA	S UTILITIE	S	COME	BO UTILIT	IES ¹
	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
VALUES PER THERM						
Gas-only revenues	\$0.6672	\$0.7709	\$0.8479	\$0.6976	\$0.7254	\$0.8560
Purchased-gas expense	0.3336	<u>0.4032</u>	0.4567	<u>0.4569</u>	<u>0.4636</u>	<u>0.6176</u>
Gross sales margin	0.2709	0.2953	0.2710	0.2475	0.2587	0.2941
Total production costs ²	\$0.3963	\$0.4755	\$0.5465	\$0.4501	\$0.4667	\$0.6061
Storage & LNG	0.0040	0.0044	0.0060	0.0011	0.0014	0.0019
Transmission	0.0071	0.0054	0.0083	0.0025	0.0077	0.0105
Distribution	0.0371	0.0417	0.0352	0.0340	0.0341	0.0409
Customer accounts	0.0247	0.0271	0.0263	0.0205	0.0248	0.0270
Customer svc. & info.	0.0022	0.0017	0.0022	0.0058	0.0074	0.0070
Sales	0.0024	0.0030	0.0024	0.0030	0.0025	0.0031
Admin. & general	<u>0.0533</u>	<u>0.0582</u>	0.0536	<u>0.0436</u>	<u>0.0435</u>	<u>0.0541</u>
Total O&M	0.5271	0.6005	0.6913	0.5607	0.5879	0.7507
SAME-SIZE ANALYSIS						
Gas-only revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Purchased-gas expense	<u>50.0%</u>	<u>52.3%</u>	<u>53.9%</u>	<u>65.5%</u>	<u>63.9%</u>	<u>72.2%</u>
Gross sales margin	40.6%	38.3%	32.0%	35.5%	35.7%	34.4%
Total production costs ²	59.4%	61.7%	64.4%	64.5%	64.3%	70.8%
Storage & LNG	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Transmission	1.1%	0.7%	1.0%	0.4%	1.1%	1.2%
Distribution	5.6%	5.4%	4.2%	4.9%	4.7%	4.8%
Customer accounts	3.7%	3.5%	3.1%	2.9%	3.4%	3.2%
Customer svc. & info.	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%
Sales	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%
Admin. & general	<u>8.0%</u>	<u>7.5%</u>	6.3%	<u>6.3%</u>	<u>6.0%</u>	<u>6.3%</u>
Total O&M	79.0%	77.9%	81.5%	80.4%	81.1%	87.7%

Source: AGA, USR. ¹ Figures for gas operations only. ² Purchased-gas expense is subsumed within total production costs. NOTE: Figures do not sum precisely due to independent rounding.

IV-D. INCOME ANALYSIS

Operating income, by accounting definition, represents revenues net of operations expenses. Operating income does not net out capital cost-related expenses such as interest and amortization. A summary of operating income, then, allows a comparison of efficiency in gas distribution. Figure 3 shows the dispersion of individual companies' operating income per-therm. Table 4 shows average operating income results by type of firm.

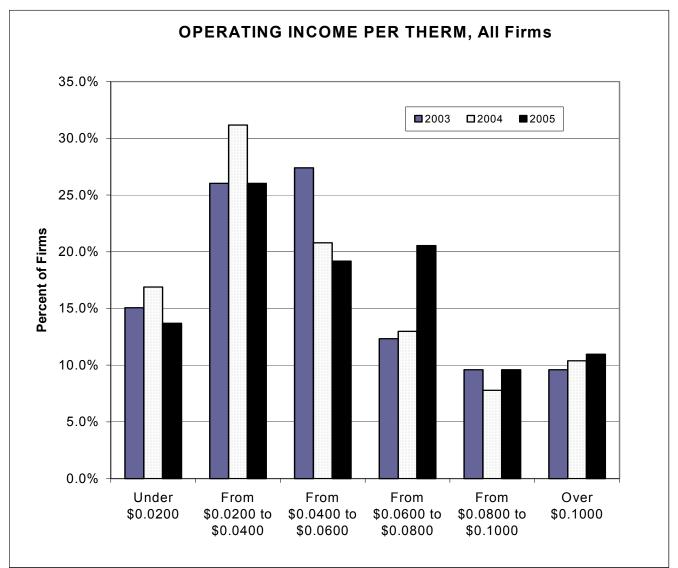


FIGURE 3

Source: AGA, USR.

TABLE 4

UTILITY INCOME STATEMENT HIGHLIGHTS

Ave	Average Values per Group, Gas Operations Only													
	GAS	S UTILITIE	S	СОМ	BO UTILI	TIES ¹								
	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005								
Operating revenue, \$000	\$561,704	\$621,463	\$812,184	\$474,331	\$876,997	\$973,261								
Total O&M, \$000	\$442,872	\$500,199	\$667,524	\$370,023	\$712,188	\$823,708								
Operating income, \$000	\$45,676	\$44,728	\$53,953	\$42,474	\$77,443	\$54,804								
Percent of Revenue														
Total O&M	79.0%	80.4%	81.5%	80.0%	81.2%	83.2%								
Operating income	8.3%	7.2%	7.4	8.7%	8.8%	6.8%								
Per Therm														
Revenue	\$0.667	\$0.771	\$0.848	\$0.745	\$0.725	\$0.856								
Total O&M	0.527	0.617	0.691	0.596	0.588	0.712								
Operating income	0.056	0.062	0.063	0.065	0.058	0.058								
Per Customer														
Revenue	\$1,282	\$1,394	\$1,569	\$1,292	\$1,218	\$1,441								
Total O&M	1,029	1,135	1,305	1,027	995	1,198								
Operating income	100	102	105	116	112	104								
Per Dollar of Gas Plant														
Revenue	\$0.628	\$0.665	\$0.722	\$0.652	\$0.635	\$0.732								
Total O&M	0.510	0.550	0.607	0.530	0.524	0.611								
Operating income	0.045	0.043	0.044	0.051	0.043	0.051								
Per Mile of Main ²														
Revenue	N/A	\$85,099	\$109,015	N/A	\$76,882	\$104,098								
Total O&M	N/A	68,051	89,727	N/A	62,464	87,393								
Operating income	N/A	6,590	7,596	N/A	6,084	7,121								

Source: AGA, USR.

¹ Figures for gas operations only.

² Miles of main only. Change of data source does not allow comparison to years prior to 2004

IV-E. DEBT ANALYSIS

Debt instruments and their management are prominent items on the utilities' financial agendas. Debt has traditionally represented a large share of utility capitalization. This is due to the historically regulated environment in which utilities have operated. The presence of regulatory oversight, from an investor's perspective, suggests less risk, more stable cash flow, and generally better debt ratings and interest coverage from cash flow. Historically, this made the utility industries attractive to bond investors. As for utilities, the containment of interest and other debt-related carrying costs can have a decisive impact on the overall profitability of operations.

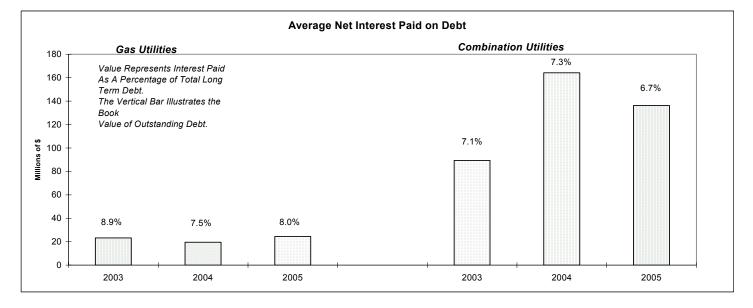
The total cost of capital for a utility reflects the cost of both debt and equity financing.⁷ Table 5 shows summary descriptors of capital costs for utilities by industry segment.

TABLE 5													
UTILITY DEBT AND DEBT COVERAGE													
Average Values													
2003 2004 2005													
Gas utilities													
Total LT Debt to Total Assets	22.1%	22.2%	22.5%										
LT Debt to Total Capitalization	37.2%	37.0%	40.1%										
EBITDA Interest Coverage	9.7x	8.6x	8.9x										
Combination Utilities ¹													
Total LT Debt to Total Assets	32.8%	33.1%	31.3%										
LT Debt to Total Capitalization	51.1%	52.5%	52.6%										
EBITDA Interest Coverage	5.6x	5.9x	5.8x										

Source: AGA, USR.

 $^{1}\mathrm{Figures}$ represent combined gas and electric operations.

FIGURE 4



Note: Combination utility figures represent combined gas and electric operations.

Note again that the discussion of combination utility debt and capital structure cannot be limited to gas operations. Therefore, this portion of the analysis necessarily considers combined-commodity financial performance. The combination utilities feature a diversity of

⁷ For combination utilities, such measures necessarily reflect combined gas and electric financials. Some municipal utilities in this study have similar combined activity financing.

commodity sales and stabilized electric base-load operations attributable to base-load (i.e., not weather-driven) sales.

IV-F. PROFITABILITY ANALYSIS

For this study, profitability is expressed in terms of return on assets (ROA), which relates net income to the value of the asset base that generated that income. Stated differently, ROA measures how well a company's assets "work" to generate income from operations. As such, ROA is convenient for comparing the operating results across companies within an industry.

Figure 5 shows the dispersion of individual company ROA results. Table 6 shows profitability measures for both gas and combination utilities for the years studied.

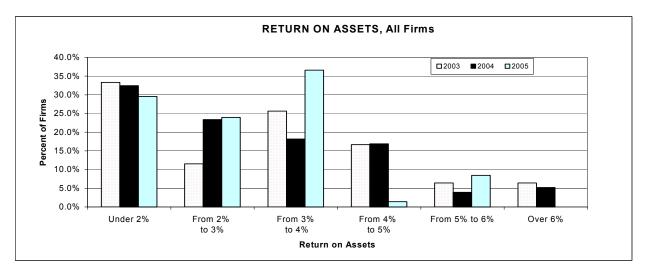


FIGURE 5

When referring to combined gas and electric operations, the balance sheet items (i.e. total end-of-year assets) refer to the total firm, which could include non-utility assets, gas transmission assets and "other" utility assets (e.g. water), while income statement items (i.e. total revenues) refer to only gas and electric utility distribution operations combined. As a result, these ratios may differ from other reports that consolidate income statement items for the total firm.

While ROA is typically measured as the ratio of net income to assets, it can also be expressed as asset turnover multiplied by profit margin. Asset turnover measures a firm's ability to generate sales from its fixed asset base. The second component of ROA is profit margin, or return on sales. This measures the operating profit per dollar of sales.

TABLE 6													
UTILITY PROFITABILITY INDICATORS													
AVERAGE VALUES													
2003 2004 2005													
Gas Utilities Asset Turnover Financial Leverage Equity Multiplier	0.66X 63.1% 3.09x	0.71X 61.5% 3.01x	0.71X 67.6% 3.50x										
Profit Margin ROA ² ROE ²	5.6% 2.8% 7.6%	6.2% 3.1% 8.3%	4.9% 2.4% 7.0%										
Current Ratio Current Assets/Total Assets	0.92 21.0%	1.06 23.2%	1.02 26.6%										
Combination Utilities ¹ Asset Turnover Financial Leverage Equity Multiplier	0.47X 68.4% 3.81x	0.42X 69.1% 3.71x	0.46X 70.3% 3.93x										
Profit Margin ROA ² ROE ²	7.1% 3.4% 13.7%	8.3% 3.3% 9.0%	5.1% 2.5% 9.1%										
Current Ratio Current Assets/Total Assets	1.48 13.5%	1.34 12.9%	1.22 16.3%										

Source: AGA, USR.

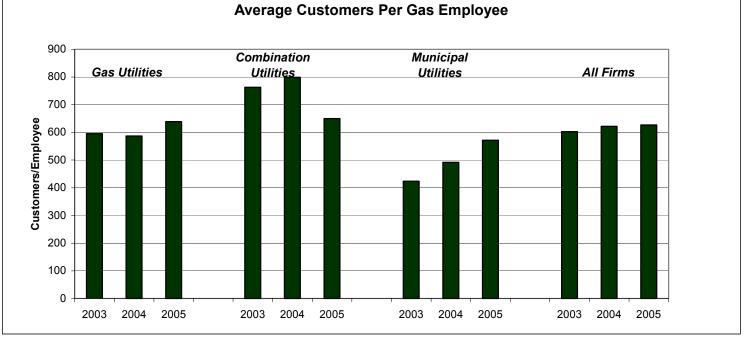
Figures represent combined gas and electric operations.

² When referring to combined gas and electric operations, the balance sheet items (i.e. total end-of-year assets) refer to the total firm, which could include non-utility assets, gas transmission assets and "other" utility assets (e.g. water), while income statement items (i.e. total revenues) refer to only gas and electric utility distribution operations combined. As a result, these ratios may differ from other reports that consolidate income statement items for the total firm.

Another measure of profitability is return on common equity (ROE). This differs from ROA in that it takes into account the impact of a firm's capital structure on its profitability. The capital structure of a firm can be examined in many different ways. ROE can be expressed as ROA multiplied by the equity multiplier. The equity multiplier (shown in Table 6) measures a firm's assets relative to its common stock equity. An increase in a firm's level debt financing (an increase in liabilities) will cause a reduction in stockholders equity. This will cause the equity multiplier to rise and thereby increase total ROE. The rise in ROE compensates equity holders for the increased risk they must bear as the firm increases its level of debt.

Current industry interest in restructuring, efficiency, and cost effectiveness often calls attention to staffing and wage profiles. Figure 6 and Table 7 summarize wage and benefit values by industry segment.





Source: AGA, USR.

Total salaries and wages \$58,289 \$60,892 \$62,854 \$60,676 Total benefits and pensions \$14,445 \$15,969 \$17,793 \$16,066 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,734 \$76,861 \$79,749 \$76,448 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19.9% 21.1% 23.8% 21.6% Therms sold per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 1,226,357 1,222,241 1,234,349 1,234,349 Total salaries and wages 558,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,177 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,390 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,434 Total salaries, benefits, and p		TABLE 7			
2003 2004 2005 Average All Firms Number of employees at year-end 672 797 848 772 Total salaries and wages \$58,289 \$60,892 \$62,854 \$60,676 Total salaries, benefits and pensions \$71,445 \$15,969 \$17,793 \$16,066 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,734 \$76,861 \$79,749 \$76,442 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19,9% 21,1% 23,8% 21,6% Therms sold per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries and wages \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,544 Total benefits and pensions \$72,441 \$76,364 \$60,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,364 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries and wages	UTILITY W	AGES AND BE	NEFITS		
2003 2004 2005 Average All Firms Number of employees at year-end 672 797 848 772 Total salaries and wages \$58,289 \$60,892 \$62,854 \$60,676 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,445 \$15,969 \$17,793 \$16,066 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,734 \$76,861 \$79,749 \$76,444 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19.9% 21.1% 23.8% 21.6% Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,177 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,866 \$1,314,237 1,226,392 Total salaries, benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Total salaries, benefits and pensions \$14,257 \$15,866 1,314,237 1,226,392 Customers per employee <	AVERAGE VALUE	S PER EMPLOYEE	AT YEAR-END		
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Total salaries and wages \$58,289 \$60,892 \$62,854 \$60,676 Total benefits and pensions \$14,445 \$15,969 \$17,793 \$16,066 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19.9% 21.1% 23.8% 21.6% Therms sold per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 1,226,357 1,222,241 1,234,345 Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 1,226,357 1,222,241 1,234,345 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,177 Total salaries and wages \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,545 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,744 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,399 Customers per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,399 Customers per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,399 Customers per employee \$867,692	All Firms				
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Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,734 \$76,861 \$79,749 \$76,448 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19.9% 21.1% 23.8% 21.6% Therms sold per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 1,226,357 1,222,241 1,254,449 1,234,349 Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,177 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,390 Customers per employee 12,39,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,396 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,433 Total salaries and pensions \$83,823 \$82,372 \$86,7424 \$84,312	Total salaries and wages	\$58,289	\$60,892	\$62,854	\$60,678
Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 19.9% 21.1% 23.8% 21.6% Therms sold per employee 603 622 627 617 Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 766 785 843 798 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,542 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,431 Total salaries and wages \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22.642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22.642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$38,823 \$82,	Total benefits and pensions	\$14,445	\$15,969	\$17,793	\$16,069
Therms sold per employee 1,226,357 1,222,241 1,254,449 1,234,345 Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities 1,216,357 1,222,241 1,254,449 1,234,345 Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,177 Total benefits and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,546 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 567,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,436 Total salaries and wages \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22,642 \$18,877 <	Total salaries, benefits, and pensions	\$72,734	\$76,861	\$79,749	\$76,448
Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,544 Total salaries, benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,438 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22,642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$83,823 \$82,372 \$86,742 \$84,317 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18,9% 22,5%	Ratio of total benefits to total compensation	19.9%	21.1%	23.8%	21.6%
Customers per employee 603 622 627 617 Gas Utilities Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,544 Total salaries, benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,438 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22,642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$83,823 \$82,372 \$86,742 \$84,317 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18,9% 22,5%	Therms sold per employee	1,226,357	1,222,241	1,254,449	1,234,349
Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,390 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,436 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22,642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$83,823 \$82,372 \$86,742 \$84,312 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.9% 22.5% 24.5% 22.0% Therms sold per employee 763 799 650 737 Municipal Utilities 1,453,508	Customers per employee	603	622	627	617
Number of employees at year-end 766 785 843 796 Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total salaries, and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,390 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,436 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$16,131 \$17,849 \$22,642 \$18,874 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$83,823 \$82,372 \$86,742 \$84,312 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.9% 22.5% 24.5% 22.0% Therms sold per employee 763 799 650 737 Municipal Utilities 1,453,508					
Total salaries and wages \$58,184 \$60,774 \$64,565 \$61,174 Total benefits and pensions \$14,257 \$15,560 \$16,830 \$15,543 Total salaries, benefits, and pensions \$72,441 \$76,334 \$80,022 \$76,266 Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 18.6% 20.0% 23.2% 20.6% Therms sold per employee 1,239,068 1,215,866 1,314,237 1,256,390 Customers per employee 595 587 639 607 Combination Utilities ¹ Number of employees at year-end 472 995 1,099 855 Total salaries and wages \$67,692 \$64,524 \$64,099 \$65,433 Total salaries, benefits and pensions \$18,9% 22.5% 24.5% 22.0% Total salaries, benefits to total compensation 18.9% 22.5% 24.5% 22.0% Therms sold per employee 763 799 650 737 Mumber of employees at year-end 408 459 457 441 Total salaries and wages \$45,323 \$54,362 \$52,170 \$50,616 Tota		766	785	8/13	708
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Number of employees at year-end408459457441Total salaries and wages\$45,323\$54,362\$52,170\$50,618Total benefits and pensions\$13,120\$14,767\$15,281\$14,389Total salaries, benefits, and pensions\$58,443\$69,129\$67,450\$65,007Ratio of total benefits to total compensation29.6%25.8%26.5%27.3%Therms sold per employee677,386779,549726,518727,818	Municipal Utilities				
Total salaries and wages\$45,323\$54,362\$52,170\$50,618Total benefits and pensions\$13,120\$14,767\$15,281\$14,389Total salaries, benefits, and pensions\$58,443\$69,129\$67,450\$65,007Ratio of total benefits to total compensation29.6%25.8%26.5%27.3%Therms sold per employee677,386779,549726,518727,818		408	459	457	441
Total benefits and pensions\$13,120\$14,767\$15,281\$14,389Total salaries, benefits, and pensions\$58,443\$69,129\$67,450\$65,007Ratio of total benefits to total compensation29.6%25.8%26.5%27.3%Therms sold per employee677,386779,549726,518727,818					
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Ratio of total benefits to total compensation 29.6% 25.8% 26.5% 27.3% Therms sold per employee 677,386 779,549 726,518 727,818				. ,	
Therms sold per employee 677,386 779,549 726,518 727,818					
Customers per employee 424 492 526 481	Customers per employee	424	492	526	481

Source: AGA, USR. ¹ Figures for gas operations only.

APPENDIX1: GLOSSARY

NOTE: Immediately below some glossary items are references to the USR data field(s) which are the source for that item. The specific field reference is in the format (x,y) where x is the schedule and y is the line item on that schedule. For example, [(6,21) divided by (2,1 / 365)] refers to <u>Schedule VI, 21</u> divided by the result of <u>Schedule II, line 1 divided by 365</u>.

Absolute values; absolute dollars

These numbers show the sum of the actual reported data of those companies responding to the survey.

Admin. & gen. expense (4,12)

The overhead cost associated with office activities. Examples of such expenses include stationary, telephone service, office cleaning, heat and power, etc.

Asset turnover (2,1)/(6,36)

A ratio which expresses sales revenue as a percentage of assets on-hand over corresponding accounting periods (usually one year). This ratio can be interpreted as the relative degree to which a company's assets "work" to generate sales revenue.

Assets (6,36)

The total accounting value of a company's productive resources at a point in time (as on a balance sheet).

Average salaries, benefits, & pensions per employee [(13,6)+(13,10)]/(13,2)

Total compensation to employees (wages, benefits, etc.) divided by number of employees.

Capitalization (6,51)

The structure of a firm's long-term financing. "Capitalization" refers to the combination of debt and equity, which (in addition to retained earnings) is the monetary equivalent of the firm's assets.

Collection period (days) (6,21)/ [(2,1)/365]

An accounting measure that indicates the efficiency of revenue collections. This measure expresses an accounts receivable total in terms of the number of days of normal revenue collections that would be accumulated to make a sum equivalent to the accounts receivable balance.

Combination gas & electric company

A business entity that distributes both gas and electricity to customers within a franchise territory.

Common equity (6,42)

The total value of wealth given by investors to a company in return for ownership of shares (common stock) of that company's assets and retained earnings.

Current ratio (6,29)/(6,61)

Current assets divided by current liabilities. An indication of a company's ability to meet short-term debt obligations; the higher the ratio, the more liquid the company is.

Customer

An entity which enters into an account with a utility in order to receive natural gas for heating, power, feedstock, and other uses. For current purposes, an individual gas meter functionally represents each customer account. As such the terms "customer," "meter," and "account" are used interchangeably in this study.

Customers per employee [20,15)+(20,18)]/(8,2)

Total customers (including both sales and transportation) divided by total employees.

Customer accounts expense (4,9)

The expense attributable to serving a customer. For utility operations, this includes metering, billing, and fixed charges incurred by customer hook-ups. Includes FERC System of Accounts 901 (Supervision),

902 (Meter reading expenses), 903 (Customer records and collection expenses), 904 (Uncollectable accounts), and 905 (Misc. customer accounts expenses).

Customer accounts expense per therm (4,9)/[(20,15+20,18)]

Customer accounts expense divided by total therms (including both sales and transportation volumes)

Customer service & information (4,10)

The expense attributable to all customer assistance and information operations. Bill remediation, bill inserts, and other communication with existing customers is included in this category. Includes FERC System of Accounts 907 (Supervision), 908 (Customer assistance expenses), 909 (Informational and instructional advertising expenses), and 910 (Misc. customer and informational expense).

Customer service & information expense per therm (4,10)/[(20,15+20,18)]

Customer service & information expense divided by total therms (including both sales and transportation volumes)

Debt 6,50 + 6,54 + 6,61

The summed monetary value of a company's short- and long-term obligations to repay money that it has borrowed from lenders.

Depreciation (2,4)

The operating expense which, as an accounting mechanism, represents the predetermined annual writedown of a durable capital asset. Depreciation, as an accounting item, impacts net income and taxes. It is not a cash expenditure, but is an annual recognition of long-lived asset costs which are spread over the years that these assets are expected to be in operation.

Distribution expense (4,8)

The operating expense which represents the cost of moving natural gas from a utility's city gate to all the meters along the franchise's system of gas mains. Includes FERC System of Accounts 871 (Distribution load dispatching), 872 Compressor station labor and expenses), 873 (Compressor station fuel and power (Major only), 874 (Mains and service expenses), 875 (Measuring and regulating station expenses 0 General), 876 (Measuring and regulating station expenses – Industrial), 877 (Measuring and regulating station expenses), 878 (Meter and house regulator expenses), 879 (Customer Installation expenses), 880 (Other expenses), 881 ((Rents), 885 (Maintenance supervision and engineering), 886 (Maintenance of structure and improvements), 887 (Maintenance of mains), 888 (Maintenance of compressor station equipment), 889 (Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment – City Gate Check Stations), 891 (Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment – City Gate Check Stations), 892 (Maintenance of services), 893 (Maintenance of meters and house regulating station equipment – City Gate Check Stations), 892 (Maintenance of services), 893 (Maintenance of meters and house regulators), and 894 (Maintenance of other equipment).

EBIT (2,18)+(2,8)

An measure which describes, for an accounting period, the total company income net of operations expense, but not yet net of interest and tax expenses. This measure facilitates comparisons of companies' economic output after operations, capital depletion, and depreciation conventions.

EBITDA (2,18)+(2,6)+(2,8)

An measure which describes, for an accounting period, the total company income net of operations expense, but not yet net of interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization expenses. This measure facilitates comparisons of companies' economic output from operations.

Equity multiplier (4,36)/(4,42)

Total assets divided by total common stock equity. Used as a measure of corporate profitability.

Fuel (4,1)

Includes FERC System of Accounts 501, 518 and 547.

An element of database structure which holds the recorded values for a specific attribute of interest common to all observations. See also *Uniform Statistical Report (USR)*

Financial leverage [(6,50)+(6,54))+(6,61))+(6,67)]/(6,36)Total debt divided by total assets. Measures the employment of funds obtained at a fixed cost.

Firm, percent ((20,1+20,2+20,3+20,5+20,7+20,9)/20,15)

Total sales volumes of gas sold under the firm tariff divided by total sales volumes.

Gas plant (6,2)

The undepreciated capital facilities directly related to gas distribution. See also "total plant in service."

Gas plant per customer (6,2)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Gas plant divided by total customers (including both sales and transportation).

Gas plant per mile of main (6,2)/(26,10)

Gas plant divided by total miles of mains (from US Dept. of Transportation).

Gas utility

A franchised gas distribution company, the equity value of which is held by shareholders in the form of stock. The earnings of such a company are distributed wholly or in part to shareholders in the form of dividends. Any earnings not distributed are retained by the company on its balance sheet.

General & administrative costs per therm (4,12)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Expenses incurred by the utility not specifically assignable to operations or sales, such as overhead, general office, personnel, etc., divided by total customers (both sales and transportation).

General & administrative costs per therm (4,12)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

the unit is subtracted from the retail revenue received for that unit.

Expenses incurred by the utility not specifically assignable to operations or sales, such as overhead, general office, personnel, etc., divided by total therms (both sales and transportation volumes).

Gross sales margin per customer or Gross margin per customer [(2,1) - (4,2)]/[(20,15)+(20,18)]Defined as revenue, less purchased gas costs, divided by total customers, both sales and transportation. An accounting measure that describes the per-unit dollar value that remains after the acquisition cost of

Gross sales margin per therm or Gross margin per therm [(2,1) - (4,2)]/[(20,15)+(20.18)]

Defined as revenue, less purchased gas costs, divided by total delivered therms. An accounting measure that describes the per-unit dollar value that remains after the acquisition cost of the unit is subtracted from the retail revenue received for that unit. Includes both sales and transportation volumes.

Heating Degree Days (HDD)

A measure of the coldness of the weather experienced, based on the extent to which the daily mean temperature falls below a reference temperature, usually 65 degrees F.

Implied long-term (LT) debt cost (2,24)/(6,50)

A proxy measure of the interest rate paid by utilities for long-term borrowing (obligations over one year). Data as collected on the USR did not request a breakout of short- vs. long-term interest obligations. Therefore, a strict calculation of cost of long term debt (annual interest paid on long-term obligations divided by total long-term debt) was not possible. The implied cost relates net interest costs (interest of all types) to long-term debt. The result permits some distortion of true long-term debt costs,

Interest coverage [(2,18 + 2,4 + 2,6 + 2,8) divided by (2,24)]

The comparison of a company's financial returns to its interest payment obligations, for a specific accounting period. "EBITDA" is an income statement result; specifically, it means "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization." This ratio indicates the company's relative ability to generate the cash flow necessary to meet its interest payment obligations.

Long-term debt (6,50)

Financial instruments which become due on a date at least on year beyond the current accounting period. These include the mortgages and bonds, which represents a company's capital borrowings. By issuing debt, the company has an obligation to repay its lenders the amount borrowed plus regular increments of interest.

Lower quartile (LQ)

A statistical measure that describes a data value that is halfway between the median and the lowest value in the data set. Technically defined as the "first quartile." See "quartile" and "median."

Mean (Arithmetic – See Weighted Average)

An average value; i.e. a single calculated value which is representative of a set of values. The mean is calculated by summing a set of observation values, then dividing that total by the number of observations that were used.

Median (MED)

A statistical measure describing the "middle position" for a sequence of observations, or the 50-percent position in a sequence of ordered observations (2nd quartile). See "quartile."

Meter

(See "customer")

Miles of Main

Length of utility system's distribution mains (excludes transmission and service lines) as reported by utilities to the US Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety.

Municipal utility

A type of gas distribution company which is owned by a local government entity and run on behalf of that entity's citizenry. Whereas investor-owned utilities usually pay out dividends to shareholders, the municipal utility's dividends accrue to the citizens in the form of a lower cost for energy.

Net margin per customer [(2,1)-(4,13)]/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Operating revenues less total O&M, with the result divided by total customers (includes both sales and transportation).

Net margin per therm [(2,1)-(4,13)]/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Operating revenues less total O&M, with the result divided by total therms (includes both sales and transportation volumes).

Net worth

The residual value of a company's assets after deducting liabilities.

Operations and maintenance (O&M) (20,13)

These are accounting summaries of expenditures attributable to company operations. Most importantly, these are expenses over which management has direction. These are distinct from (i.e. do not include) expenses imposed from outside of operations such as interest payments and amortization.

Observation

A single event for which an activity is recorded or measured. For a measurable event the unique record for any observation is that observation's value. For example, if the variable of interest is annual therms sold," then "1,000,000" may be the value of this variable for the single observation "ABC Company."

Operating income (2,11)

The financial outcome of a company that represents revenues earned less the expenses attributable to operations, including depreciation, amortization, and taxes (but not expenses such as interest payments, amortization, etc.).

Operating revenue

See revenue.

Other production expenses (4,4)

Includes FERC System of Accounts 805 (Other gas purchases and purchase gas adjustments), 806 (Exchange gas), 812 (Gas used for the utility operations), and 813 (Other gas supply expense).

Profit margin (2,29)/(2,1)

Net income available for common stockholders divided by total operating revenues (including electric for combination companies, since net income is not segmented by operational division).

Purchased gas expense (4,3)

The utility expenditure for the gas it buys on the market from producers, transmission companies, marketers, and other sources. Includes FERC System of Accounts 800 (wellhead purchases), 801 (field line purchases), 802 (plant outlet purchases), 803 (transmission line purchases), 804 (city gate purchases) LESS 804.1 (LNG), and 807 (Purchased or expense).

Purchased gas cost per therm (4,3)/(20,15)

Purchased gas expense divided by total sales volumes

Quartile

A statistical tool which analyzes a set of values that are sequenced by order of magnitude. Any set of ordered values can be divided into four quartiles. The observation reached after counting off the first 25 percent of the sequenced values (counting from the lowest value), is the first quartile. The second quartile is the observation at the 50 percent position in the sequence; the third quartile is at the 75 percent position; and the fourth quartile is at the 100 percent position, which is also the highest value for the entire data set.

Return On Assets (ROA) (2,29)/(6,36)

A financial ratio that expresses net income as a percentage of assets. This ratio measures how well a company uses its assets to generate operating income.

Return On Equity (ROE) (2,29)/(6,42)

A financial ratio that expresses net income as a percentage of total common stock equity. This ratio measures how well investors in a firm are doing relative to other investments.

Revenue (2,1)

The receipts from utility operations and sales of gas, excluding non-utility and other income, before expenses are considered.

Revenue per customer (2,1)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Operating revenues divided by total meters, including transportation customers.

Revenue per therm (2,1)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Operating revenues divided by total therms, including transportation volumes.

Sales expense (4,11)

The cost of sales administration, including commissions overhead, materials, etc. Includes FERC System of Accounts 911 (Supervision), 912 (Demonstrating and selling expenses), 913 (Advertising expenses), and 916 (Misc. sales expenses.

Same-size financial statement

This is an alternative method of displaying income statement and balance sheet summaries. It is intended to facilitate comparisons across company types. As opposed to displaying absolute dollar values, the same-size statement presents each line item is a percentage of its aggregate total. The same-size income statement sets revenues at 100.0 and al other items are a percent of that total. The same-size balance sheet similarly sets total assets (as well as total liabilities and owners' equity) to 100.0.

System density [(20,15)+(20,18)]/Miles of Main

Total customers (both sales and transportation) divided by total miles of mains (from US Dept. of Transportation). A ratio that describes the degree to which meters are "packed" onto a distribution system.

Tax expense (2,8)

The amount representing the utility's obligation to pay taxes, including sale, gross receipts, income, and property taxes. This total includes pass-through taxes collected by the utility on behalf of local government jurisdictions.

Therm

A unit of measurement for energy, equivalent to 100,000 British thermal units.

Therms per customer [(20,15)+(20,18)]/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Total therms (both sales and transportation) divided by total customers (both sales and transportation).

Therms delivered per employee [(20,15)+(20,18)]/(8,2)

Total therms (both sales and transportation) divided by total employees

Total benefits (13,10)

The annual compensation accruing to utility employees in the form of pensions, health care, insurance, and other non-payroll items.

Total compensation (13,6 + 13,10)

The total annual compensation accruing to utility employees, both as payroll and non-payroll compensation as well as benefits.

Total production expense (4,5)

Combination of fuel (4,1), purchased gas (4,3), and other production expenses (4,4)

Total O&M per customer (4,13)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

All operations and maintenance expenses divided by total customers (includes both sales and transportation).

Total O&M per therm (4,13)/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

All operations and maintenance expenses divided by total therms (includes both sales and transportation volumes).

Total plant in service (6,5)

The total value of utility plant as shown on the balance sheet. In the case of combination utilities, this will include gas and electric plant used for the purpose of power distribution.

Transmission (4,7)

The cost to a utility for moving natural gas purchases from its source to its city gate. Includes FERC System of Accounts 850 (Operations, supervision and engineering), 851 (System control and load dispatching), 852 (Communication system expenses), 853 (Compressor station labor and expenses), 854 (Gas for compressor station fuel), 855 (Other fuel and power for compressor stations), 856 (Main expenses), 857 (Measuring and regulating station expenses), 858 (Transmission and compression of gas by others), 859 (Other expenses), 860 (Rents), 861 (Maintenance supervision and engineering), 862 (Maintenance of structures and improvements), 863 (Maintenance of mains), 864 (Maintenance of compressor station equipment), 865 (Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment), 866 (Maintenance of other equipment), and 870 (Operation supervision and engineering).

Transmission and distribution costs per customer [(4,7)+(4,8)]/[(20,15)+(20,18)]

Cost of transporting gas to the customer, divided by total customers (both sales and transportation).

Transmission and distribution costs per therm [(4,7+4,8)/(20,15+20,18)]

Cost of transporting gas to the customer, divided by total therms (both sales and transportation).

Uniform Statistical Report (USR)

The standardized reporting form used by the American Gas Association to collect financial and operating information from its individual member companies. The USR data is the source for information presented in this study.

Upper quartile (UQ)

A statistical measure, which describes a data value that, is halfway between the median and the highest value in the data set. Technically defined as the "third quartile." See "Quartile" and "meridian."

Value

In statistics, a "value" is the recorded measurement for an individual observation. For example, if the variable of interest is "annual therms sold," then "1,000,000" may be the value of this variable for the single observation "ABC Company."

Variable

An attribute, more or less common to a set of observations, which is subject to measurement. For example, if the variable of interest is "annual therms sold," then "1,000,000" may be the value of this variable for the single observation "ABC Company."

Weighted average

A statistical measure for describing the mean or "central tendency" of a set of numeric observations. Weighted averages are used in this study to provide benchmark ratios per group or per industry segment. For these benchmark ratios and arithmetic (simple) average would be the mean value of the ratios calculated individually for each company. Instead, the weighted average ratio has a its numerator the sum of observations for that variable divided by the sum of observations for the denominator variable. For example, the density of distribution system metric for gas utilities relates the sum of all gas utility meters divided by the sum of pipe.

APPENDIX 2: MULTI-YEAR CHARTS FOR ALL COMPANIES

Explanation of factors influencing results:

REVENUE: Impacted by weather, rate design, customer growth, the economy, allowed rates of return, taxes, depreciation expense, total O&M expense, and subsidiary operations.

REVENUE PER CUSTOMER: Determined by revenue and customer base (predominately higherconsuming customer population yields larger results).

REVENUE PER THERM: Determined by revenue and customer base (predominately smaller-consuming customer base yields larger results).

THERMS DELIVERED PER CUSTOMER: Influenced by weather and customer base (predominately higher-consuming customer population yields larger results).

SYSTEM DENSITY: Higher population density (urban areas) leads to higher system densities.

GAS PLANT PER MILE OF MAIN: Higher system densities usually translate into higher values for this. Also impacted by gas plant characteristics (e.g., utility-owned storage, age of system, etc.)

PERCENT FIRM SALES: Determined by customer base. Utilities with predominantly residential and small commercial customers tend to have higher values here. Large customers switching from sales to transportation tariffs also influence results.

PURCHASED GAS COST PER SALES THERM: Impacted by proximity to supplies (closer leads to lower transportation costs), interstate pipeline access (more competition leads to lower costs), volumes purchased (economies of scale), and purchasing strategies (spot vs. contracts, storage refill, hedging, etc.).

GROSS SALES MARGIN: Influenced by revenue, O&M, and company size (economies of scale).

TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION COST PER THERM/CUSTOMER: Determined by age of system, throughput, customer base, system density, and size of company (economies of scale).

CUSTOMER ACCOUNT EXPENSE PER THERM: Impacted by customer base (concentration of smaller customers leads to higher costs per therm), types of administrative (e.g. billing) systems, and throughput.

CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATION EXPENSE PER THERM: Influenced by types of administrative systems (e.g. database software and hardware), customer base, and throughput.

SALES EXPENSE PER THERM: Determined by level of marketing effort put forth by company and throughput.

GENERAL AND ADMINSTRATIVE EXPENSE PER THERM/CUSTOMER: Impacted by employee base/compensation, overhead expenses, customer base, and throughput.

TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE PER THERM/CUSTOMER: Combination of purchased gas expense, other production costs, T&D, customer accounts, service, & information expenses, sales, and G&A. See those factors for explanation.

NET MARGIN PER THERM/CUSTOMER: Influenced by allowed rates of return, taxes, depreciation, weather, customer base, and throughput.

AVERAGE SALARIES, BENEFITS, AND PENSIONS PER EMPLOYEE: Impacted by union contracts, experience/tenure of average employee, age of employees and retirees, local economic competition for employees, proportion of upper management relative to employee base (higher for companies

outsourcing significant workload), and special offers to employees (early retirement, severance packages due to downsizing, etc.).

CUSTOMERS PER EMPLOYEE: Determined by the customer base (companies with predominately small-use customers tend to have a higher value) as well as the employee base (more efficient companies as well as companies outsourcing significant workload tend to have a higher value).

THERMS DELIVERED PER EMPLOYEE: Primarily determined by the customer base (companies with predominately large-use customers tend to have a higher value).

GAS PLANT PER CUSTOMER: Influenced by the customer base (companies with predominately largeuse customers tend to have a higher value).

RETURN ON ASSETS: Impacted by allowed rate of return, weather, sales growth, subsidiary performance, and one-time charges (e.g. asset reevaluation, merger expense, etc.).

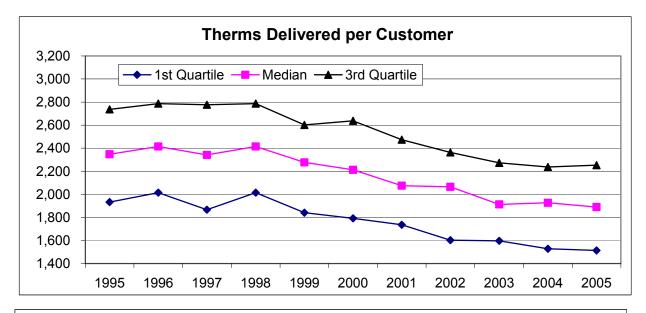
RETURN ON EQUITY: Impacted by allowed rate of return, weather, sales growth, subsidiary performance, and one-time charges (e.g. asset reevaluation, merger expense, etc.).

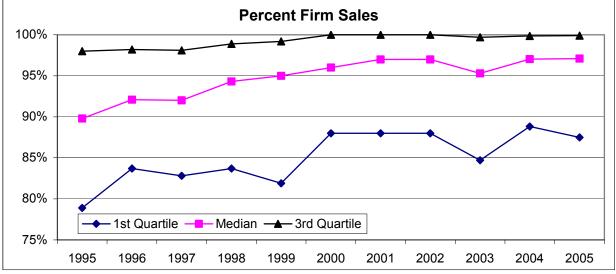
ASSET TURNOVER: Influenced by revenue and composition/age of gas plant.

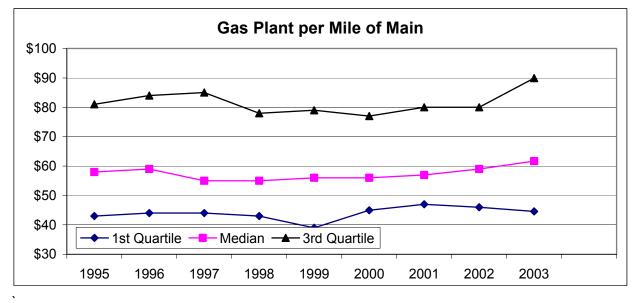
PROFIT MARGIN: Impacted by allowed rate of return, income taxes, interest expense, and weather.

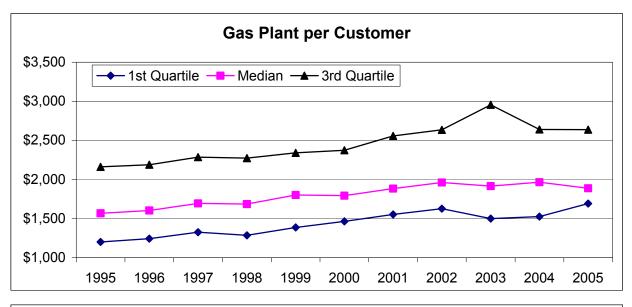
FINANCIAL LEVERAGE: Influenced by the proportion of debt and the amount of gas plant for a company.

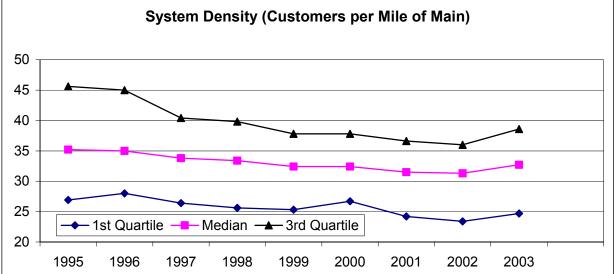
NOTE: Recent results of metrics involving miles of main are not comparable for years prior to 2004 because of changes in the definition of miles of main changed (no longer includes services) and in the data source (now derived from the US Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety database).

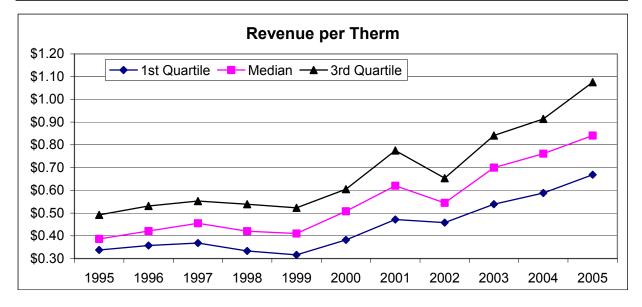


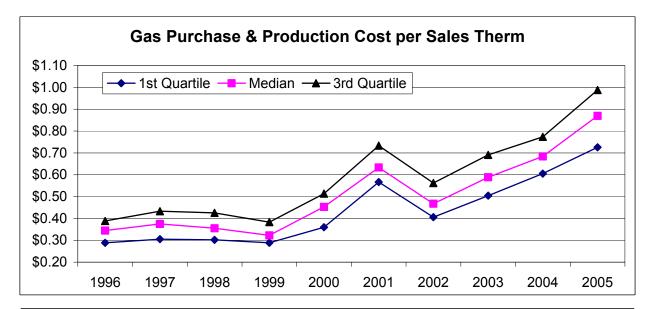


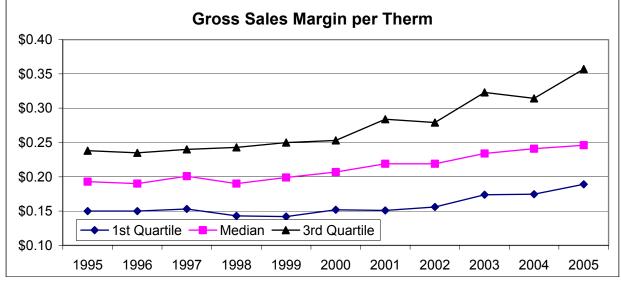


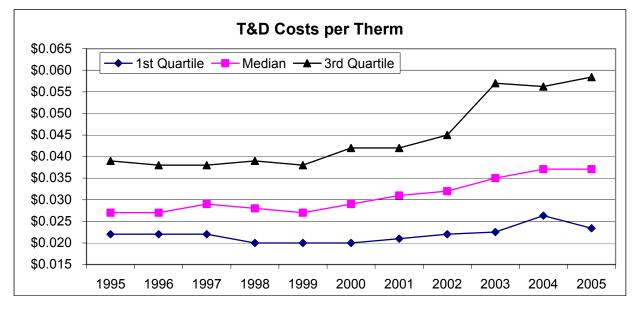


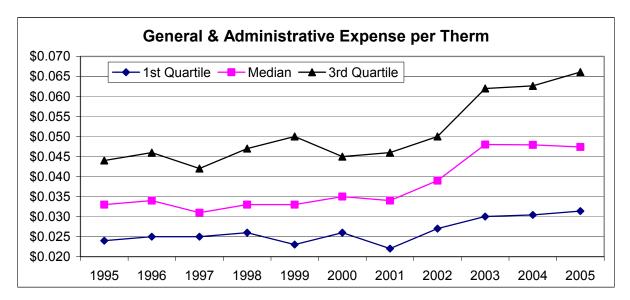


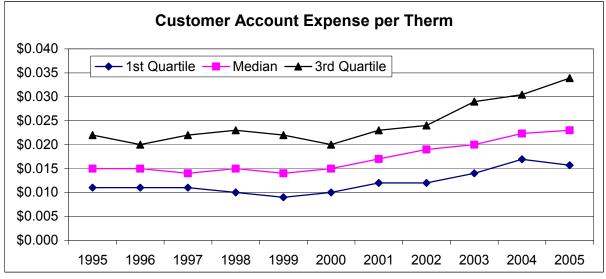


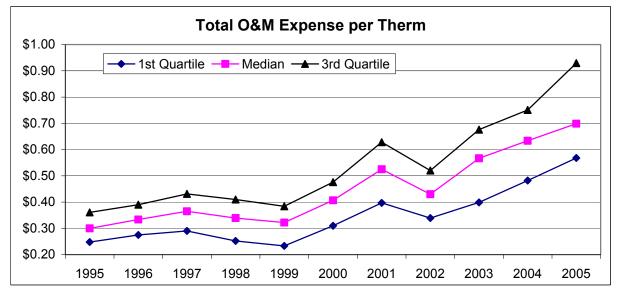




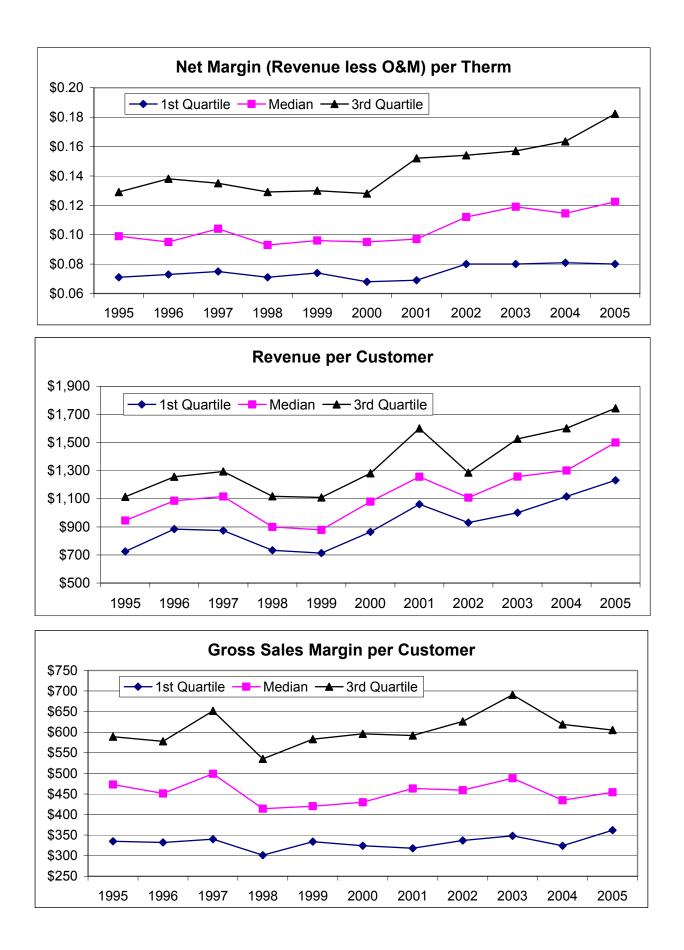


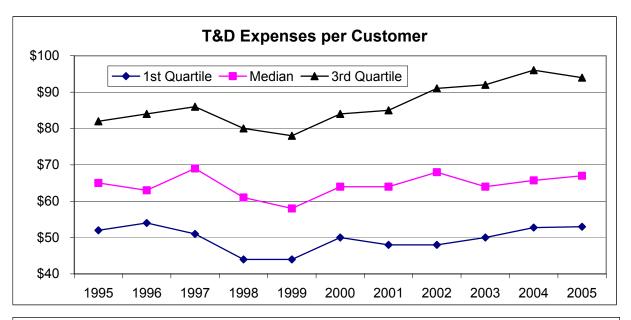


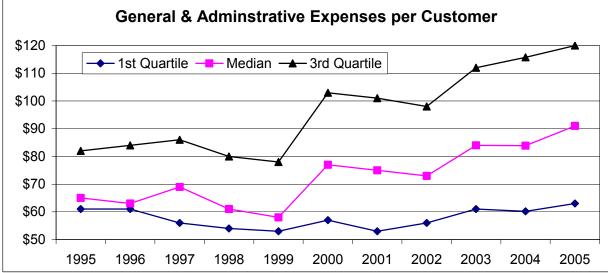


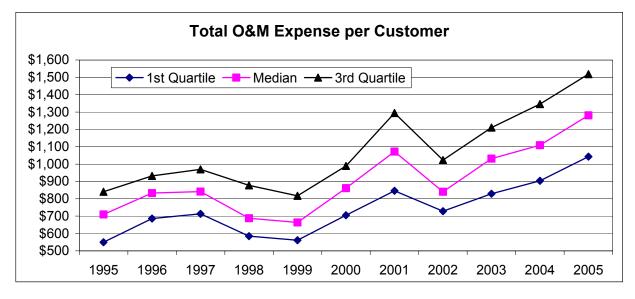


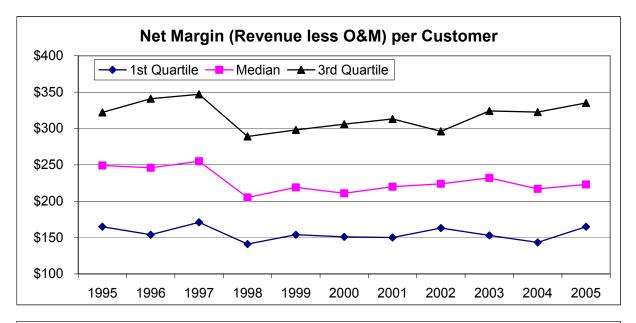
Note: Sample size and individual company participation vary by year, impairing trend analysis

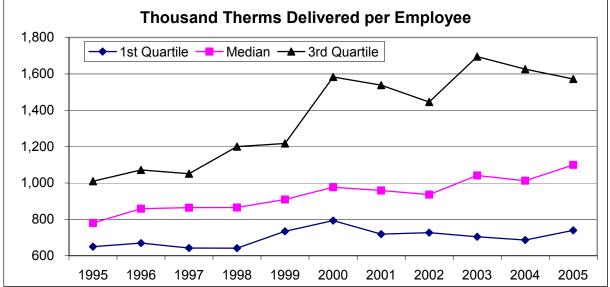


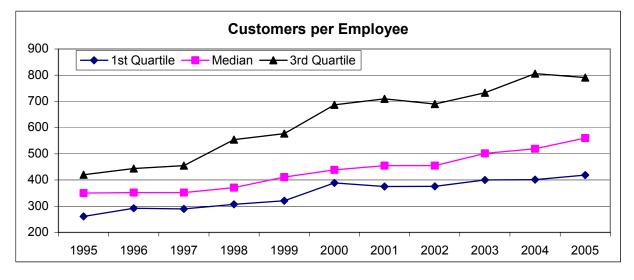


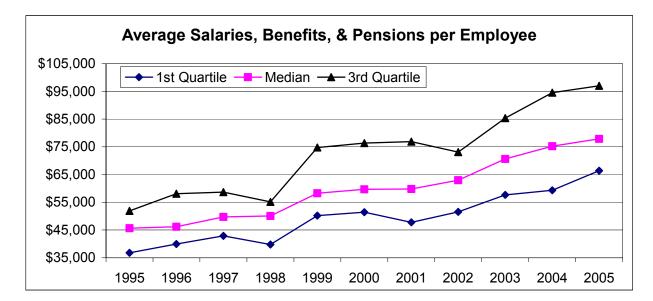


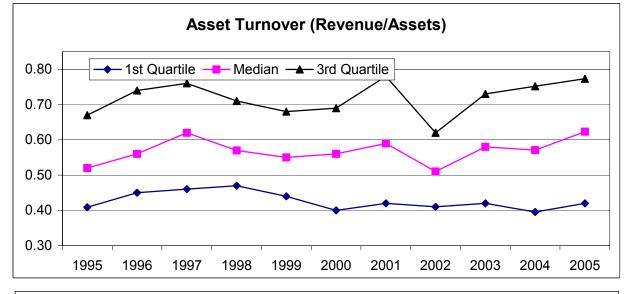


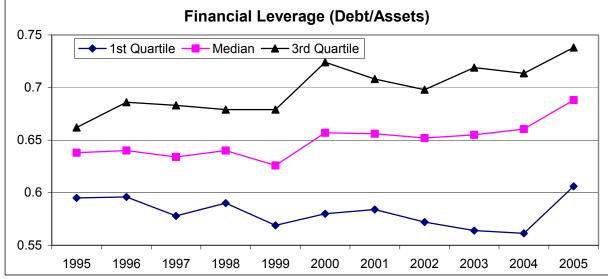


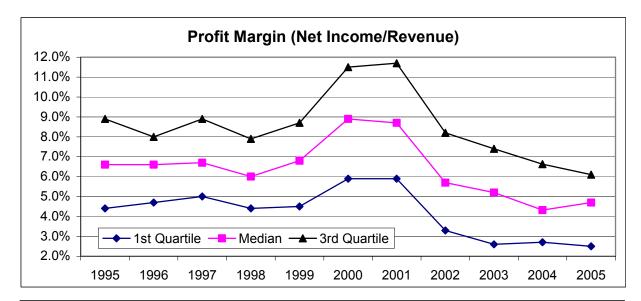


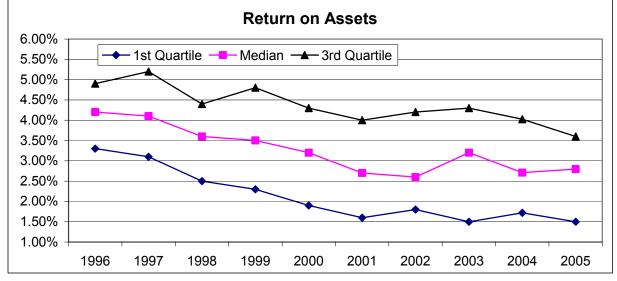


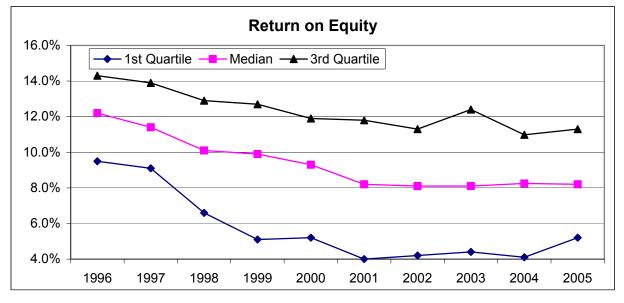












APPENDIX 3a: GAS UTILITY SYSTEM PROFILES AND DELIVERY VOLUMES

2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting			Gas U				Combination Utilities 16 firms				Municipa			All Companies				
Stratified by Type of Company	Units	LQ	48 fi MED	rms UQ	AVG	LQ	16 fir MED	ms UQ	AVG	LQ	9 fii MED	rms UQ	AVG	LQ	73 f MED	irms UQ	AVG	
SYSTEM PROFILE 1/	Units	LQ	IVIED	UQ	AVG	LQ	IVIED	UQ	AVG	LQ	IVIED	00	AVG	LQ	IVIED	UQ	AVG	
Total Therms delivered	THOUS.	299.158	722,550	1,537,385	1,137,638	131,059	881,485	1,958,809	1,128,811	129,420	210,330	289,320	255,887	183.262	516,728	1,446,610	1.026.994	
Total Sales Volume	THOUS.	141,278	490,862	844,510	621,122	111,396	443,096	1,232,797	783,621	115,524	210,330	289,320	225,228	115,524	369,140	835,759	607,930	
Transportation Volume	THOUS.	26,868	181,390	637,950	516,516	2,588	192,457	558,385	345,190	-	5,538	16,120	30,659	3,450	130,400	509,150	419,065	
Gas customers		119,201	336,921	806,620	582,870	64,446	388,829	973,072	734,300	- 80,456	178,047	309,762	192,669	95,037	309,362	769,162	567,953	
Miles of main in use		2,420	4,549	12,857	10,001	1,044	3,988	9,480	8,696	2,142	2,499	3,176	2,717	2,142	4,012	11,941	8,817	
Density (meters/mile of distrib. system)	-	42.8	4,549 50.7	67.9	66.4	45.8	63.4	9,480 83.9	71.0	52.5	66.1	72.1	68.4	44.0	55.4	70.2	67.7	
THERM VOLUME BY CUSTOMER CLASS	2/																	
Residential heating	THOUS.	77,923	248,395	552,120	374,300	46,051	292,791	684,327	510,837	57,901	94,880	152,100	124,501	57,901	214.643	510,760	373,429	
Residential non-heating	THOUS.	-		1,823	3,819	40,051	- 292,791	11,808	6,128	- 57,901		-	2,213		- 2 14,043	2,630	4,127	
Commercial. firm	THOUS.	34,793	101,064	222,148	151,453	38,181	134,616	303,020	214,704	32,932	71,640	91,034	65,650	35,300	104,299	2,030	154,738	
Commercial, interruptible	THOUS.		-	1,608	5,102		-	1,138	3,767	- 32,932	- 1,040	8,850	5,897		- 104,299	2,480	4,907	
Industrial, firm	THOUS.	910	10,480	27.479	37.725	312	5,993	20,908	32,436	811	5.115	11,540	8,477	630	8,055	2,400	32,960	
Industrial, interruptible	THOUS.	-	10,400	3,649	16,407	-	-	4,511	4,264	-	9,630	18,180	11,684	050	-	7,536	13,163	
Electric utility generation, firm	THOUS.	-	-	-	744	-	-	4,511	4,204	-	3,000	10,100	77	-	-	7,550	521	
Electric utility generation, interup.	THOUS.	-	-	-	11,123	-	-	-	101	-	-	-	1,861	-	-	-	7,543	
Non-utility generation, firm	THOUS.	-	-	-	1,828	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,001	-	-	-	1,202	
Non-utility generation, interup.	THOUS.	-	-		1,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 136	-	-	-	1,202	
NGV	THOUS.	-	-		3,057	-	-	-	- 21	-	-	-	150	-	-	-		
Municipal & public	THOUS.	-	-	-	2,947	-		-	84	-	-	- 3,088	4,683	-	-		2,015 2,534	
	THOUS.	-	-		2,947	-		-		-	-	3,000	4,085	-	-	-		
Interdepartmental		-	-	-		-	35	829	7,795	-	-	-	49	-	-	-	2,092	
Other	THOUS.	-	-	-	10,362	-	-	-	3,482	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,577	
NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS BY CUSTOM	ER CLASS																	
Residential heating		106,693	271,988	616,911	459,823	43,336	248,054	621,227	600,924	71,656	163,009	288,898	171,204	71,656	253,934	593,371	455,166	
Residential non-heating		-	-	7,529	23,200	-	-	37,273	69,926	-	-	-	6,801	-	-	8,330	31,419	
Commercial, firm		9,069	25,225	52,836	37,892	7,704	33,329	80,902	49,570	8,685	14,396	18,411	13,643	8,783	22,544	50,148	37,462	
Commercial, interruptible		-	-	5	115	-	-	5	38	-	-	11	6	-	-	6	85	
Industrial, firm		19	236	1,356	1,222	4	415	1,104	1,098	3	73	80	112	11	171	985	1,058	
Industrial, interruptible		-	-	10	114	-	-	9	8	-	15	42	24	-	-	21	80	
Electric utility generation, firm		-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	0	
Electric utility generation, interup.		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	1	
Non-utility generation, firm		-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	
Non-utility generation, interup.		-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	
NGV		-	-	-	55	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	
Municipal & public		-	-	-	296	-	-	-	19	-	-	200	864	-	-	-	305	
Interdepartmental		-	-	-	0	-	-	2	9	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	
Other		-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	

1/ Includes transportation only customers

2/ Quartile figures for each column do not sum. The quartile arrangements do not yield the same sequence of firms for each variable.

For example, the firm which provides the median figure for "total O&M" is not the same as the firm that provides the median figure for "total operating income."

Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

APPENDIX 3b: GAS UTILITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPENDIX 3D. GAS UTILITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS																	
2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting		Gas Utilities				Combinatio			al Utilities		All Companies						
Stratified by Type of Company			48 f				16 fir					irms			73 f		
	Units	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT																	
Operating revenue	\$THOUS	172,504	558,757	1,388,930	812,184	117,312	701,835	1,362,985	973,261	138,670	218,138	311,263	292,250	138,670	503,303	1,230,339	783,387
Operating expense	\$THOUS	149,553	426,518	1,050,084	653,752	99,533	569,454	1,124,280	807,723	85,848	173,744	283,880	242,975	113,252	419,711	970,281	636,856
Maintenance expense	\$THOUS	2,091	7,922	20,349	13,772	2,606	11,691	18,802	15,985	1,555	6,849	8,524	6,866	1,890	8,285	19,226	13,406
Total O&M	\$THOUS	152,612	443,236	1,066,371	667,524	102,138	582,580	1,143,401	823,708	86,436	182,268	290,729	249,841	114,807	423,434	1,010,230	650,261
Depreciation	\$THOUS	6,735	20,501	45,871	36,295	4,609	27,660	67,398	49,131	4,823	6,514	14,285	10,709	5,396	18,119	45,754	35,954
Depletion	\$THOUS	-	-	-	341	-	-	2	802	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400
Amortization	\$THOUS	-	-	2,169	2,557	-	370	4,210	2,644	-	-	-	1	-	-	2,148	2,261
Prop. loss charged to operations	\$THOUS	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Total taxes	\$THOUS	5,649	25,133	75,490	51,474	5,612	30,580	63,977	42,172	-	5,008	6,265	4,707	4,930	22,842	63,477	43,670
Other operating income	\$THOUS	-	-	-	(104)	(0)	-	-	(14)	-	-	-	358	-	-	-	(27)
Total operating income	\$THOUS	8,828	35,630	66,862	53,953	6,099	58,648	76,661	54,804	5,089	11,745	26,514	26,992	6,980	32,599	67,122	50,816
BALANCE SHEET																	
Gas plant	\$THOUS	232,915	843,026	1,615,063	1,204,743	164,803	984,185	1,853,364	1,457,662	198,222	299,789	441,489	413,649	201,694	808,364	1,515,463	1,162,645
Common plant	\$THOUS	-	-	-	2,370	20,299	83,941	431,607	336,468	-	-	247,451	174,858	-	-	15,216	96,862
Other plant	\$THOUS	-	-	-	391	-	-	921	44,457	-	-	384,458	265,770	-	-	-	42,767
Total plant in service	1/2/ \$THOUS	232,915	843,029	1,615,063	1,207,504	1,072,869	2,900,051	7,421,232	6,936,297	208,396	1,037,041	2,022,173	1,816,168	360,528	1,068,833	2,532,262	2,538,170
Accumulated depreciation	1/ \$THOUS	106,589	327,329	630,076	461,492	432,606	1,353,642	2,904,604	3,163,843	49,660	335,718	787,412	671,125	159,855	425,351	848,409	1,079,633
Construction work-in-progress	1/ \$THOUS	946	10,817	29,603	22,940	33,053	54,265	221,528	155,392	12,478	85,619	122,049	94,003	3,382	17,078	56,107	60,732
Net utility plant	1/ \$THOUS	145,326	549,066	1,028,469	769,554	686,888	1,619,662	4,766,166	3,956,301	171,214	817,192	1,336,203	1,247,412	171,730	679,453	1,709,117	1,526,933
Gas storage (non-current)	1/ \$THOUS	-	-	573	3,545	-	-	-	5,064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,441
Customer accts. receivable	1/ \$THOUS	11,357	53,609	141,383	120,288	46,802	168,378	314,673	242,379	15,946	40,383	117,071	64,243	13,005	63,703	150,604	140,138
Total current & accrued assets	1/ \$THOUS	45,853	239,352	442,652	336,649	154,448	562,564	963,845	959,271	114,134	289,359	600,305	322,131	82,119	259,957	504,911	471,324
Total deferred debits	1/ \$THOUS	7,917	66,237	170,089	161,393	110,559	502,296	2,012,786	1,319,844	2,311	26,877	91,937	220,342	15,682	82,216	350,644	422,568
Total assets	1/ \$THOUS	217,548	990,323	1,832,340	1,359,510	1,125,250	3,134,911	9,638,181	6,629,169	291,607	1,133,428	2,849,717	1,958,194	348,732	1,154,476	2,849,717	2,588,314
Common stock	1/ \$THOUS	-	2,889	62,235	69,279	7,434	168,787	845,576	474,400	-	-	-	-	-	2,535	76,389	149,532
Retained earnings	1/ \$THOUS	25,319	85,658	230,981	177,161	131,457	214,654	672,392	689,699	130,051	266,397	1,256,147	805,181	41,267	132,023	314,998	366,925
Total common stock equity	1/ \$THOUS	66,082	277,396	577,471	406,506	295,951	762,969	2,184,373	1,798,429	130,051	376,269	1,256,147	817,389	107,394	318,325	792,780	762,242
Total long-term (LT) debt	1/ \$THOUS	56,548	187,170	326,909	306,025	366,898	1,004,419	2,673,270	2,044,336	24,301	549,484	1,226,854	814,651	69,250	280,000	625,000	749,732
Total capitalization	1/3/ \$THOUS	148,911	421,404	880,260	712,784	639,334	1,767,388	5,001,029	3,894,524	219,706	925,753	2,650,541	1,634,765	172,186	630,259	1,509,192	1,523,821
Total non-current other liabilities	1/ \$THOUS	-	-	14,931	29,452	5,251	31,924	269,031	349,247	-	1,854	8,556	14,636	-	1,061	30,497	97,718
Current & accrued liabilities	1/ \$THOUS	46,243	294,622	517,919	413,129	165,685	387,864	994,560	822,085	38,124	121,328	332,308	169,051	48,481	283,443	528,564	472,672
Total deferred credits	1/ \$THOUS	28,942	141,613	290,557	198,386	202,163	780,709	2,803,838	1,520,148	258	11,246	25,924	19,219	26,306	150,522	400,315	465,998
Total capitalization & liabilities	1/3/ \$THOUS	217,548	990,323	1,832,340	1,359,510	1,125,250	3,134,911	9,638,181	6,629,169	291,607	1,133,428	2,849,717	1,958,194	348,732	1,154,476	2,849,717	2,588,314
p						, .,	, - ,	,,						,			

1/ Figures for combination utilities are necessarily based on combined gas and electric operations. Four Municipal utilities are also combined utilities.

2/ Reflects gas and non-gas assets, also includes regulatory assets.

3/ Total capitalization figure in this display includes preferred stock.

Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

APPENDIX 3c: GAS UTILITY SAME-SIZE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting

Stratified by Type of Company		Gas Utilities	Combination Utilities	Municipal Utilities	All Companie
		48 firms	16 firms	9 firms	73 firms
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT -	Based on average	•			
Operating revenue		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Operating expense		79.6	81.4	81.9	80.3
Maintenance expense		2.0	1.8	2.2	2.0
Total O&M		81.5	83.2	84.2	82.3
Depreciation		4.6	4.6	3.7	4.5
Depletion		0.0	0.1	-	0.0
Amortization		0.3	0.4	0.0	0.3
Prop. loss charged to operations		0.0	-	-	0.0
Total taxes		6.2	4.9	1.5	5.2
Other operating income		(0.2)	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1
Total operating income		7.4	6.8	10.6	7.8
BALANCE SHEET - Based on avera	ge values				
Gas plant		88.6	22.0	21.1	44.9
Common plant		0.2	5.1	8.9	3.7
Other plant		0.0	0.7	13.6	1.7
Total plant in service	1/2/	88.8	104.6	92.7	98.1
Accumulated depreciation	1/	33.9	47.7	34.3	41.7
Construction work-in-progress	1/	1.7	2.3	4.8	2.3
Net utility plant	1/	56.6	59.7	63.7	59.0
Gas storage (non-current)	1/	0.3	0.1	-	0.1
Customer accts. receivable	1/	8.8	3.7	3.3	5.4
Total current & accrued assets	1/	24.8	14.5	16.5	18.2
Total deferred debits	1/	11.9	19.9	11.3	16.3
Total assets	1/	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Common stock	1/	5.1	7.2	-	5.8
Retained earnings	1/	13.0	10.4	41.1	14.2
Total common stock equity	1/	29.9	27.1	41.7	29.4
Total long-term (LT) debt	1/	22.5	30.8	41.6	29.0
Total capitalization	1/3/	52.4	58.7	83.5	58.9
Total non-current other liabilities	1/	2.2	5.3	0.7	3.8
Current & accrued liabilities	1/	30.4	12.4	8.6	18.3
Total deferred credits	1/	14.6	22.9	1.0	18.0
Total capitalization & liabilities	1/3/	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Figures for combination utilities are necessarily based on combined gas and electric operations. Four municipal utilities are also combined gas-electric utilities.

2/ Reflects gas and non-gas assets, also includes regulatory assets.

3/ Total capitalization figure in this display includes preferred stock.

APPENDIX 3e: GAS UTILITY FINANCIAL RATIOS	APPENDIX 3e:	GAS UTILIT	Y FINANCIAL	. RATIOS
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2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting Stratified by Type of Company				Gas IC 48 firm				Combinat 16 fii		ls				oal LDCs irms				All Com 73 fir			
	Uni	its	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	 LQ	MED	U	Q	AVG	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	_	LQ	MED	UQ	A	AVG
Therms delivered (avg.) per acct.	-	-	1,603	1,971	2,307	2,110	1,529	1,856		2,232	1,966	1,320	1,519	1,609	1,493	#	1,514	1,889	2,25	3	2,003
Therms per \$1,000 of gas plant	-	-	728	933	1,236	1,029	625	1,037		1,194	1,065	501	621	1,087	783	#	632	947	1,17	8	1,007
Value of gas plant per customer	-	-	\$ 1,658	\$ 2,033 \$	2,656	\$ 2,258	\$ 1,723	\$ 1,781	\$	2,436 \$	2,041	\$ 1,665	\$ 1,857	\$ 2,635	\$ 2,128	#\$	1,693	\$ 1,889	\$ 2,63	8\$	2,195
%Sales firm (not interruptible)	-	-	89.4%	97.3%	100.0%	90.3%	95.0%	98.7%		99.9%	96.7%	77.4%	84.1%	90.4%	82.7% ;	##	89.5%	97.1%	99.9	%	90.8%
Collection period (days)	1/ -	-	26.9	37.5	58.0	47.2	29.0	32.7		37.3	31.8	29.7	40.7	45.9	39.7	#	29.0	36.6	49.	1	42.9
Gas O&M expense as pct. of revenue	-	-	77.7%	83.9%	87.8%	82.4%	80.5%	83.8%		86.6%	83.0%	82.9%	90.6%	93.0%	83.0%	##	78.9%	83.9%	88.3	%	82.6%
Gas operating income as pct. of revenue	-	-	3.9%	6.0%	8.8%	6.9%	4.6%	5.9%		7.5%	7.3%	3.7%	5.3%	8.5%	11.8% ;	##	4.1%	6.0%	8.5	%	7.6%
Gas operating revenue per customer	-	-	\$ 1,223	\$ 1,506 \$	1,732	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,400	\$	1,560 \$	1,441	\$ 1,531	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,808	\$ 1,661	#\$	1,232	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,74	5\$	1,552
Gas O&M expense per customer	-	-	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,272 \$	1,475	\$ 1,305	\$ 1,057	\$ 1,183	\$	1,330 \$	1,198	\$ 1,424	\$ 1,615	\$ 1,642	\$ 1,416	#\$	1,036	\$ 1,280	\$ 1,51	4 \$	1,295
Gas operating income per customer	-	-	\$ 49	\$ 95 \$	142	\$ 105	\$ 64	\$81	\$	117 \$	104	\$ 85	\$ 86	\$ 146	\$ 159	#\$	58	\$91	\$ 14	1\$	112
Gas revenue per dollar of gas plant	-	-	\$ 0.611	\$ 0.700 \$	0.846	\$ 0.722	\$ 0.669	\$ 0.707	\$	0.839 \$	0.732	\$ 0.665	\$ 0.678	\$ 1.038	\$ 0.840	#\$	0.612	\$ 0.703	\$ 0.85	3\$	0.739
Gas O&M expense per dollar of gas plant	-	-	\$ 0.496	\$ 0.604 \$	0.737	\$ 0.607	\$ 0.527	\$ 0.612	\$	0.716 \$	0.611	\$ 0.546	\$ 0.557	\$ 0.970	\$ 0.695	#\$	0.498	\$ 0.604	\$ 0.73	3\$	0.619
Gas operating income per \$ of gas plant	-	-	\$ 0.032	\$ 0.046 \$	0.055	\$ 0.044	\$ 0.033	\$ 0.042	\$	0.054 \$	0.051	\$ 0.032	\$ 0.046	\$ 0.051	\$ 0.105	#\$	0.031	\$ 0.045	\$ 0.05	5\$	0.053
Gas revenue per mile of pipe	2/ -	-	\$ 51,924	\$ 69,654 \$	119,885	\$ 109,015	\$ 50,828	\$ 99,367	\$ 13	3,917 \$	104,098	\$ 64,739	\$ 102,768	\$ 121,184	\$ 112,192	\$	53,245	\$ 76,130	\$ 122,86	9 \$ 1	08,379
	2/ -	-	\$ 41,806	\$ 57,843 \$	101,171	\$ 89,727	\$ 43,579	\$ 84,854	\$ 10	9,751 \$	87,393	\$ 43,301	\$ 95,568	\$ 114,308	\$ 95,298	#\$	41,806	\$ 63,592	\$ 105,27	3\$	89,940
Gas operating income per mile of pipe	2/	-	\$ 2,291	\$ 4,653 \$	9,886	\$ 7,596	\$ 3,573	\$ 5,569	\$1	0,427 \$	7,121	\$ 3,810	\$ 5,483	\$ 9,105	\$ 11,356	#\$	2,645	\$ 4,853	\$ 9,88	6\$	7,972
Long-term debt - total assets ratio	1/ -	-	17.6%	22.0%	26.5%	22.5%	28.3%	30.4%		35.1%	31.3%	16.8%	37.1%	48.5%	33.2% ;	##	18.8%	24.2%	31.3	%	25.8%
Long-term debt - total capitalization ratio	1/3/ -	-	34.3%	41.4%	48.2%	40.1%	44.9%	50.9%		55.3%	52.6%	18.5%	43.9%	52.6%	40.2%	##	37.3%	44.9%	50.5	%	42.9%
Net interest - long-term debt ratio	1/ -	-	6.4%	8.6%	9.3%	8.6%	6.1%	7.1%		7.6%	6.9%	4.3%	4.8%	5.3%	4.4%	##	5.7%	7.4%	8.9	%	7.7%
EBITDA interest coverage	1/ -	-	4.6x	6.1x	9.8x	8.9x	3.7x	6.2x		7.5x	5.8x	4.1x	4.5x			##	4.3x	6.0x	8.2	2x	7.9x
Return on assets	-	-	1.5%	2.5%	3.5%	2.4%	1.7%	2.9%		3.6%	3.1%	2.4%	2.9%	3.8%	2.7% ;	##	1.5%	2.8%	3.6	%	2.6%
Gross sales margin per therm	4/		\$ 0.179	\$ 0.244 \$	0.342	\$ 0.271	\$ 0.201	\$ 0.246	\$	0.344 \$	0.294	\$ 0.214	\$ 0.283	\$ 0.370	\$ 0.333	\$	0.189	\$ 0.246	\$ 0.35	7\$	0.284
Gross sales margin per customer	4/		\$ 365	\$ 510 \$	617	\$ 512	\$ 387	\$ 436	\$	506 \$	465	\$ 325	\$ 335	\$ 505	\$ 473	\$	362	\$ 454	\$ 60	5\$	498

Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

1/ Figures for combination utilities are necessarily based on combined gas and electric operations. Four municipal utilities are also combined gas-electric utilities.

2/ Miles of distribution pipes from US Department of Transportation.

3/ Total capitalization figure in this display includes preferred stock.

4/ Gross sales margin = operating revenues less purchased gas expense

NOTE: Some ratios are not always normally distributed. Therefore, average ratio values may be subject to distortion by a few observations that are outliers.

2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting			Gas Util					Combinatio		tilities				Ν	Municipal						A	II Com			
Stratified by Type of Company	Units	10	48 firn MED	ns UQ	AVG		LQ	16 fir MED		UQ	A	AVG	LQ	N	9 fin AFD	ms UQ	AV	G		LQ	MF	73 fir D	ms UQ		AVG
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT - P	Per Annual Therms Deliv	ered									-					• •		_							
Operating revenue	\$/THERM \$		\$ 0.7823 \$	1.0455	\$ 0.8479	\$	0.6644	\$ 0.7744	\$	0.9853	\$	0.8560	\$ 1.0202	\$ 1	1.0758	\$ 1.1903	3 \$ 1.º	1216	\$	0.6687	\$ 0.8	3411	\$ 1.0	758 \$	0.883
Operating expense	\$/THERM \$	0.4890	\$ 0.6210 \$	0.8188	\$ 0.6747	\$	0.5573	\$ 0.6664	\$	0.7926	\$	0.6969	\$ 0.9173	\$ C	0.9328	\$ 0.9812	2 \$ 0.9	9188	\$	0.5561	\$ 0.6	6853	\$ 0.8	941 \$	0.70
Maintenance expense	\$/THERM \$	0.0067	\$ 0.0135 \$	0.0233	\$ 0.0167	\$	0.0103	\$ 0.0122	\$	0.0182	\$	0.0151	\$ 0.0144	\$ 0	0.0237	\$ 0.0325	5 \$ 0.0	0252	\$	0.0085	\$ 0.0	0138	\$ 0.0	237 \$	0.01
Total O&M	\$/THERM \$	0.5026	\$ 0.6508 \$	0.8349	\$ 0.6913	\$	0.5678	\$ 0.6806	\$	0.8107	\$	0.7120	\$ 0.9375	\$ 0	0.9651	\$ 1.0049	\$ 0.9	9440	\$	0.5637	\$ 0.6	6986	\$ 0.9	268 \$	0.72
Depreciation	\$/THERM \$	0.0258	\$ 0.0316 \$	0.0425	\$ 0.0388	\$	0.0298	\$ 0.0341	\$	0.0425	\$	0.0397	\$ 0.0210	\$ C	0.0503	\$ 0.0551	\$ 0.0	0418	\$	0.0263	\$ 0.0	0331	\$ 0.0	461 \$	0.03
Depletion	\$/THERM \$	-	\$ - \$		\$ 0.0002	\$	-	\$ -	\$	0.0000	\$	0.0005	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	0.00
Amortization	\$/THERM \$	-	\$ - \$	0.0020	\$ 0.0024	\$	-	\$ 0.0006	\$	0.0035	\$	0.0033	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 0.0	0000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 0.0	019 \$	0.00
Prop. loss charged to operations	\$/THERM \$	-	\$-\$	-	\$ 0.0001	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	0.00
Total taxes	\$/THERM \$	0.0236	\$ 0.0431 \$	0.0657	\$ 0.0522	\$	0.0223	\$ 0.0374	\$	0.0556	\$	0.0423	\$-	\$ C	0.0091	\$ 0.0333	\$ \$ 0.0	0171	\$	0.0164	\$ 0.0	0400	\$ 0.0	583 \$	0.04
Other operating income	\$/THERM \$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ (0.0017)	\$	(0.0000)	\$-	\$	-	\$ ((0.0000)	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$ 0.0	0005	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	(0.00
Total operating income	\$/THERM \$	0.0260	\$ 0.0433 \$	0.0689	\$ 0.0629	\$	0.0316	\$ 0.0517	\$	0.0735	\$	0.0582	\$ 0.0380	\$ C	0.0722	\$ 0.0908	3 \$ 0. [.]	188	\$	0.0308	\$ 0.0	0481	\$ 0.0	753 \$	0.06
	•										_														
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT - P	•																								
Operating revenue	\$/CUSTOMER \$	<i>,</i> -	1 1	, -	\$ 1,569	\$	1,238	+ .,	\$.,	\$	1,441	\$ 1,531	-	.,	\$ 1,808		,661	\$, -	Ŧ .	,		745 \$,
Operating expense	\$/CUSTOMER \$	969		, -	\$ 1,277	\$			\$	1,302		1,173	\$ 1,393	•		\$ 1,606		,378	\$					165 \$	
Maintenance expense	\$/CUSTOMER \$	17			\$ 28	\$	19		\$		\$	25	\$ 19	•		\$ 44		38	\$		\$		\$	34 \$	
Total O&M	\$/CUSTOMER \$	1,000			, ,	\$, ,		1,330		1,198	\$ 1,424	•	1,615			,416	\$,		514 \$	
Depreciation	\$/CUSTOMER \$ \$/CUSTOMER \$	49	\$ 62 \$ \$ - \$			\$ \$	56		\$	68	•	66 0	\$ 45	\$ \$		\$ 73		59	\$		\$	62	\$	77 \$	
Depletion Amortization	\$/CUSTOMER \$	-	\$ - \$ \$ - \$	- 3	\$0 \$4	ъ \$	-	+	\$ \$	0		5	ֆ - «	ծ Տ	-	s -	\$ \$	- 0	ծ Տ		\$ \$	-	¢ ¢	- \$ 3\$	
Prop. loss charged to operations	\$/CUSTOMER \$	-	3 - 3 S - S		\$4 \$0	φ \$	-		φ \$	-		5	φ - ¢	ф с	-	ა - ი	ş	0	ф с		э \$	-	э c	- s	
Total taxes	\$/CUSTOMER \$	- 49				φ \$	- 41	•	Ф \$		э \$	- 68	φ - ¢	Ф \$	- 12	φ - \$ 51	+	27	э \$		э \$	- 68	э c	- ‡ 105 \$	
Other operating income	\$/CUSTOMER \$	49	\$ 70 \$ \$ - \$		\$00 \$(3)		(0)		Ф \$		э \$	(0)	φ - \$ -	Ф \$		ອ ວ \$ -	s s	1	э \$		э \$			- \$	
Total operating income	\$/CUSTOMER \$	- 49				φ \$	(0) 64		Ф \$	117		104	φ - \$85	Ŧ		-	ې ک (۲	159	э \$		э \$		-	- ‡ 141 \$	
rotal operating income	\$/COSTOWER \$	49	4 90 A	142	φ 105	φ	04	φ 01	φ	117	φ	104	φ OD	φ	00	φ 140	, s	159	φ	50	φ	91	Ş	14-1 φ	
	Units	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG		LQ	MED		UQ	A	AVG	LQ	N	/IED	UQ	AV	G		LQ	ME	D	UQ		AVG
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT - P	Per Dollar of Gas Plant					-												_	_						
Operating revenue	per \$GAS PLAN' \$	0.6109	\$ 0.7003 \$	0.8456	\$ 0.7222	\$	0.6688	\$ 0.7069	\$	0.8394	\$	0.7318	\$ 0.6654	\$ 0).6775	\$ 1.0383	\$ \$ 0.8	3398	\$	0.6124	\$ 0.7	7034	\$ 0.8	535 \$	0.7
																			,						

GAS-UNLT INCOME STATEMENT - Per D	ollar of Gas Plant																					
Operating revenue	per \$GAS PLAN' \$	0.6109	\$ 0.7003	0.8456	\$ 0.7222	\$ 0.6688	\$ 0.	7069	\$	0.8394	\$	0.7318	\$ 0.6654	\$ 0.6775	\$ 1.0383	\$ 0.8398	\$ 0.6124	\$ 0.7034	\$	0.8535	\$ 0.7391	
Operating expense	per \$GAS PLAN \$	0.4808	\$ 0.5992	0.7216	\$ 0.5942	\$ 0.5097	\$ 0.	5970	\$	0.7019	\$	0.5990	\$ 0.5314	\$ 0.5434	\$ 0.9469	\$ 0.6765	\$ 0.4836	\$ 0.5968	3 \$	0.7164	\$ 0.6055	
Maintenance expense	per \$GAS PLAN \$	0.0071	\$ 0.0116	0.0154	\$ 0.0124	\$ 0.0092	\$ 0.	.0121	\$	0.0156	\$	0.0120	\$ 0.0144	\$ 0.0167	\$ 0.0228	\$ 0.0186	\$ 0.0079	\$ 0.012	\$	0.0165	\$ 0.0131	
Total O&M	per \$GAS PLAN \$	0.4961	\$ 0.6044	0.7374	\$ 0.6065	\$ 0.5272	\$ 0.	6116	\$	0.7159	\$	0.6110	\$ 0.5462	\$ 0.5575	\$ 0.9698	\$ 0.6951	\$ 0.4975	\$ 0.6037	\$	0.7325	\$ 0.6186	<i>i</i> .
Depreciation	per \$GAS PLAN \$	0.0251	\$ 0.0292	0.0342	\$ 0.0296	\$ 0.0290	\$ 0.	0329	\$	0.0372	\$	0.0337	\$ 0.0243	\$ 0.0264	\$ 0.0313	\$ 0.0271	\$ 0.0256	\$ 0.0293	\$\$	0.0343	\$ 0.0302	
Depletion	per \$GAS PLAN \$	-	\$ -	5 -	\$ 0.0002	\$ -	\$	-	\$	0.0000	\$	0.0003	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 0.0002	
Amortization	per \$GAS PLAN \$	-	\$ -	0.0022	\$ 0.0016	\$ -	\$ 0.	.0007	\$	0.0029	\$	0.0024	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 0.0000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	0.0020	\$ 0.0016	i
Prop. loss charged to operations	per \$GAS PLAN \$	-	\$ -	5 -	\$ 0.0000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 0.0000	1
Total taxes	per \$GAS PLAN \$	0.0234	\$ 0.0417	0.0556	\$ 0.0401	\$ 0.0189	\$ 0.	0302	\$	0.0478	\$	0.0335	\$-	\$ 0.0041	\$ 0.0256	\$ 0.0124	\$ 0.0185	\$ 0.0318	3 \$	0.0496	\$ 0.0352	
Other operating income	per \$GAS PLAN \$	-	\$ -	5 -	\$ (0.0008)	\$ (0.0000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ ((0.0000)	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 0.0005	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (0.0005	,)
Total operating income	per \$GAS PLAN' \$	0.0315	\$ 0.0455	\$ 0.0549	\$ 0.0441	\$ 0.0334	\$ 0.	0424	\$	0.0545	\$	0.0509	\$ 0.0318	\$ 0.0461	\$ 0.0507	\$ 0.1051	\$ 0.0314	\$ 0.0453	\$	0.0549	\$ 0.0533	
	Units	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	LQ	ME	ED		UQ	A	AVG	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG	LQ	MED		UQ	AVG	
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT - Per M	lile of Distribution Pip	De																				-
Operating revenue	per mile of pipe \$	51,924	\$ 69,654	119,885	\$ 109,015	\$ 50,828	\$ 99	9,367	\$ 1	33,917	\$1	04,098	\$ 64,739	\$ 102,768	\$ 121,184	\$ 112,192	\$ 53,245	\$ 76,130) \$	122,869	\$ 108,379	1
Operating expense	per mile of pipe \$	40,580	\$ 57,011	98,139	\$ 87,738	\$ 42,588	\$ 82	2,893	\$ 1	06,470	\$	85,589	\$ 41,533	\$ 93,513	\$ 110,805	\$ 92,569	\$ 40,580	\$ 62,735	5\$	102,514	\$ 87,896	i
Maintenance expense	per mile of pipe \$	741	\$ 1,063	\$ 2,213	\$ 1,989	\$ 911	\$ 1	1,657	\$	2,620	\$	1,804	\$ 1,496	\$ 2,055	\$ 3,503	\$ 2,730	\$ 753	\$ 1,309	\$	2,593	\$ 2,044	
Total O&M	per mile of pipe \$	41,806	\$ 57,843	101,171	\$ 89,727	\$ 43,579	\$ 84	4,854	\$ 1	09,751	\$	87,393	\$ 43,301	\$ 95,568	\$ 114,308	\$ 95,298	\$ 41,806	\$ 63,592	2 \$	105,273	\$ 89,940	1
Depreciation	per mile of pipe \$	2,165	\$ 3,153	\$ 4,997	\$ 4,493	\$ 2,836	\$ 4	4,171	\$	5,980	\$	4,555	\$ 2,362	\$ 3,041	\$ 3,148	\$ 3,878	\$ 2,237	\$ 3,153	\$	5,409	\$ 4,428	
Depletion	per mile of pipe \$	-	\$ - 3	5 -	\$ 74	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4	\$	65	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 63	

- \$ - \$ - \$ 74 \$ - \$ - \$ 4 \$ - \$ - \$ per mile of pipe \$ 65 \$ -\$ \$ - \$ - \$ -\$ 195 \$ - \$ - \$ 0 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 21 \$ Amortization 164 \$ 270 \$ 362 \$ - \$ - \$ 164 \$ 220 per mile of pipe \$ Prop. loss charged to operations - \$ - \$ - \$ 13 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 9 per mile of pipe \$ per mile of pipe \$ 2,120 \$ 3,691 \$ 7,555 \$ 6,841 \$ 1,946 \$ 3,582 \$ 6,305 \$ 4,768 \$ - \$ 2,004 \$ 2,616 \$ 1,659 \$ 1,986 \$ 3,417 \$ 6,415 \$ 5,746 Total taxes Other operating income permile of pipe \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (235) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (1) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 53 \$ - \$ - \$ (149) per mile of pipe \$ 2,291 \$ 4,653 \$ 9,886 \$ 7,596 \$ 3,573 \$ 5,569 \$ 10,427 \$ 7,121 \$ 3,810 \$ 5,483 \$ 9,105 \$ 11,356 \$ 2,645 \$ 4,853 \$ 9,886 \$ 7,972 Total operating income

Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

NOTE: Quartile figures for each column do not sum. The quartile arrangements do not yield the same sequence of firms for each variable. For example, the firm which provides the median figure for "total O&M" is not the same as the firm that provides the

median figure for "total operating income."

APPENDIX 3e: GAS UTILITY FINANCIAL RATIOS

2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting Stratified by Type of Company						IOUs firms	5					oinatio 16 firm		s				N	lunicip 9 fii	al LDCs ms					A	II Comp 73 fin		5	
	ι	Jnits	L	Q	MED		UQ	AVG		LQ	ME)	U	Q	AVG		LQ	ME	ED	UQ	A	AVG	_	LQ	ME	D	U	Q	AVG
Therms delivered (avg.) per acct.				1,603	1,971		2,307	2,1	10	1,529	1,8	856	:	2,232	1,966		1,320	1	,519	1,609	,	1,493		1,514	1	,889	:	2,253	2,003
Therms per \$1,000 of gas plant				728	933		1,236	1,0	29	625	1,0	037		1,194	1,065		501		621	1,087		783		632		947		1,178	1,007
Value of gas plant per customer			\$	1,658	\$ 2,033	\$	2,656	\$ 2,2	58	\$ 1,723 \$	5 1, ⁻	781 \$	\$	2,436	\$ 2,041	\$	1,665	\$ 1	,857	\$ 2,635	\$	2,128	\$	1,693	\$1	,889	\$ 2	2,638 \$	5 2,195
%Sales firm (not interruptible)				89.4%	97.3%		100.0%	90.3	3%	95.0%	98	.7%	1	99.9%	96.7%	, D	77.4%	ε	84.1%	90.4%	6	82.7%		89.5%	9	7.1%	ę	99.9%	90.8%
Collection period (days)	1/			26.9	37.5		58.0	47	.2	29.0	3	2.7		37.3	31.8		29.7		40.7	45.9)	39.7		29.0		36.6		49.1	42.9
Gas O&M expense as pct. of revenue				77.7%	83.9%		87.8%	82.4	1%	80.5%	83	.8%		86.6%	83.0%	, D	82.9%	g	0.6%	93.0%	6	83.0%		78.9%	8	3.9%	{	88.3%	82.6%
Gas operating income as pct. of revenue				3.9%	6.0%		8.8%	6.9	9%	4.6%	5	.9%		7.5%	7.3%	þ	3.7%		5.3%	8.5%	6	11.8%		4.1%		6.0%		8.5%	7.6%
Gas operating revenue per customer			\$	1,223	\$ 1,506	\$	1,732	\$ 1,5	69	\$ 1,238 \$	6 1,•	400 \$	\$	1,560 \$	\$ 1,441	\$	1,531	\$ 1	,729	\$ 1,808	\$	1,661	\$	1,232	\$ 1	,501	\$ 1	1,745 \$	5 1,552
Gas O&M expense per customer			\$	1,000	\$ 1,272	\$	1,475	\$ 1,3)5	\$ 1,057 \$	5 1,	183 3	\$	1,330 \$	\$ 1,198	\$	1,424	\$ 1	,615	\$ 1,642	\$	1,416	\$	1,036	\$ 1	,280	\$ 1	1,514 \$	5 1,295
Gas operating income per customer			\$	49	\$ 95	\$	142	\$ 10)5	\$ 64 \$	5	81 \$	\$	117 \$	\$ 104	\$	85	\$	86	\$ 146	\$	159	\$	58 5	\$	91	\$	141 \$	5 112
Gas revenue per dollar of gas plant			\$	0.611	\$ 0.700	\$	0.846	\$ 0.72	22	\$ 0.669 \$	6 0.	707 \$	\$	0.839	0.732	\$	0.665	\$ 0	.678	\$ 1.038	\$	0.840	\$	0.612	\$ 0	.703	\$ (0.853 \$	6 0.739
Gas O&M expense per dollar of gas plant			\$	0.496	\$ 0.604	\$	0.737	\$ 0.6)7	\$ 0.527 \$	6 0.0	612 3	\$	0.716 \$	6 0.611	\$	0.546	\$ C).557	\$ 0.970	\$	0.695	\$	0.498	\$ 0	.604	\$ (0.733 \$	0.619
Gas operating income per \$ of gas plant			\$	0.032	\$ 0.046	\$	0.055	\$ 0.04	14	\$ 0.033 \$	6 0.0	042 \$	\$	0.054 \$	6 0.051	\$	0.032	\$ C	0.046	\$ 0.051	\$	0.105	\$	0.031	\$ 0	.045	\$ (0.055 \$	6 0.053
	2/		\$	51,924	\$ 69,654	\$	119,885	\$ 109,0	15	\$ 50,828 \$	s 99,3	367 3	\$ 13	3,917 \$	\$ 104,098		- ,	\$ 102	,	\$ 121,184	\$ 1 ⁻	12,192	\$	53,245		,	•		5 108,379
	2/		\$ 4	41,806		\$	101,171	\$ 89,72		\$ 43,579 \$	84,	854	\$ 10	9,751 \$	\$ 87,393	\$	43,301	\$ 95	5,568	\$ 114,308		95,298	\$	41,806	\$ 63	,592	\$ 105	5,273 \$	89,940
Gas operating income per mile of pipe	2/		\$	2,291	\$ 4,653	\$	9,886	\$ 7,5	96	\$ 3,573 \$	5,5	569	\$ 1	0,427 \$	5 7,121	\$	3,810	\$ 5	5,483	\$ 9,105	\$	11,356	\$	2,645	\$4	,853	\$ 9	9,886 \$	5 7,972
5	1/			17.6%	22.0%		26.5%	22.		28.3%		.4%		35.1%	31.3%		16.8%		37.1%	48.5%		33.2%		18.8%		4.2%		31.3%	25.8%
· ·	1/3/			34.3%	41.4%		48.2%	40.		44.9%	50	.9%		55.3%	52.6%		18.5%	4	3.9%	52.6%		40.2%		37.3%	4	4.9%		50.5%	42.9%
······································	1/			6.4%	8.6%		9.3%	8.		6.1%		.1%		7.6%	6.9%		4.3%		4.8%	5.3%		4.4%		5.7%		7.4%		8.9%	7.7%
	1/			4.6x	6.1x		9.8x		9x	3.7x		6.2x		7.5x	5.8		4.1x		4.5x	6.7		5.8x		4.3x		6.0x		8.2x	7.9x
Return on assets				1.5%	2.5%		3.5%	2.4	%	1.7%	2	.9%		3.6%	3.1%	D	2.4%		2.9%	3.8%	6	2.7%		1.5%	:	2.8%		3.6%	2.6%
Gross sales margin per therm	4/		\$	0.179	\$ 0.244	\$	0.342	\$ 0.2	71	\$ 0.201 \$	S 0.2	246	\$	0.344	\$ 0.294	\$	0.214	\$ C	.283	\$ 0.370	\$	0.333	\$	0.189	\$ 0	.246	\$ 0	0.357 \$	0.284
Gross sales margin per customer	4/		\$	365	\$ 510	\$	617	\$ 5	12	\$ 387 \$; ;	436	\$	506 \$	\$ 465	\$	325	\$	335	\$ 505	\$	473	\$	362	\$	454	\$	605 \$	5 498

Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

1/ Figures for combination utilities are necessarily based on combined gas and electric operations. Four municipal utilities are also combined gas-electric utilities.

2/ Miles of distribution pipes from US Department of Transportation.

3/ Total capitalization figure in this display includes preferred stock.

4/ Gross sales margin = operating revenues less purchased gas expense

NOTE: Some ratios are not always normally distributed. Therefore, average ratio values may be subject to distortion by a few observations that are outliers.

APPENDIX 4: GAS UTILITY O&M Detail

Based on Segment Averages

Based on Segment Averages		Gas Uti	lites			Cor	nhin	ation U	tilite	s		Mun	icin	al Utilitie	s			А	II C	ompanie	s	
VALUES PER THERM	2003	2004		2005	2	2003		2004		2005		2003		2004		2005		2003		2004		2005
Gas-only revenues	\$0.6672			\$0.8479	\$	0.6976		0.7254		\$0.8560		\$0.8488		60.9290		51.1216	1	\$0.6959		60.7773		0.8835
Purchased-gas expense	0.3336			0.4567		0.4569		0.4636		0.6176		0.5234		0.6559		0.7141		0.3801		0.4428		0.5224
Gross sales margin	0.2709			0.2710		0.2475		0.2587		0.2941		0.3179		0.2762		0.3325		0.2727		0.2853		0.2837
croco calos margin	0.2100	0.2		0.2710		0.2170		0.2007		0.2011		0.0110		0.27 02		0.0020		0.2727		0.2000		0.2001
Total production costs ¹	\$0.3963	\$0.4	755	\$0.5465	\$	0.4501	\$	0.4667	:	\$0.6061		\$0.5310	S	60.6527	9	60.7891	7	\$0.4232	9	60.4920	\$	0.5892
Storage & LNG	0.0040	0.0	044	0.0060		0.0011		0.0014		0.0019		0.0086		0.0123		0.0162		0.0041		0.0045		0.0064
Transmission	0.0071			0.0083		0.0025		0.0077		0.0105		0.0010		0.0041		0.0010		0.0055		0.0058		0.0079
Distribution	0.0371			0.0352		0.0340		0.0341		0.0409		0.0504		0.0482		0.0495		0.0382		0.0407		0.0382
Customer accounts	0.0247			0.0263		0.0205		0.0248		0.0270		0.0291		0.0364		0.0327		0.0245		0.0276		0.0273
Customer svc. & info.	0.0022			0.0022		0.0058		0.0074		0.0070		0.0114		0.0133		0.0116		0.0040		0.0042		0.0044
Sales	0.0024			0.0024		0.0030		0.0025		0.0031		0.0030		0.0009		0.0012		0.0026		0.0026		0.0024
Admin. & general	0.0533			0.0536		0.0436		0.0435		0.0541		0.0352		0.0613		0.0426		0.0493		0.0553		0.0523
Total O&M	0.5271			0.6913		0.5607		0.5879		0.7507		0.6697		0.8292		0.9440		0.5514		0.6217	-	0.7353
	0.5271	0.00	005	0.0315		0.5007		0.5075		0.7507		0.0037		0.0232		0.3440		0.5514		0.0217		0.7555
PERCENT OF REVENUE																						
Gas-only revenues	100.0%	100.	0%	100.0%		100.0%	1	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%	1	100.0%
Purchased-gas expense	50.0%	52.	3%	53.9%		<u>65.5%</u>		63.9%		72.2%		61.7%		70.6%		<u>63.7%</u>		54.6%		<u>57.0%</u>		<u>59.1%</u>
Gross sales margin	40.6%		3%	32.0%		35.5%		35.7%		34.4%		38.3%		29.7%		29.6%		45.4%		36.7%		32.1%
C C																						
Total production costs ¹	59.4%	61.	7%	64.4%		64.5%		64.3%		70.8%		62.6%		70.3%		70.4%		60.8%		63.3%		66.7%
Storage & LNG	0.6%	0.	6%	0.7%		0.2%		0.2%		0.2%		1.0%		1.3%		1.4%		0.6%		0.6%		0.7%
Transmission	1.1%	0.	7%	1.0%		0.4%		1.1%		1.2%		0.1%		0.4%		0.1%		0.8%		0.7%		0.9%
Distribution	5.6%	5.	4%	4.2%		4.9%		4.7%		4.8%		5.9%		5.2%		4.4%		5.5%		5.2%		4.3%
Customer accounts	3.7%	3.	5%	3.1%		2.9%		3.4%		3.2%		3.4%		3.9%		2.9%		3.5%		3.6%		3.1%
Customer svc. & info.	0.3%	0.	2%	0.3%		0.8%		1.0%		0.8%		1.3%		1.4%		1.0%		0.6%		0.5%		0.5%
Sales	0.4%	0.	4%	0.3%		0.4%		0.3%		0.4%		0.4%		0.1%		0.1%		0.4%		0.3%		0.3%
Admin. & general	8.0%	7.	5%	<u>6.3%</u>		6.3%		6.0%		<u>6.3%</u>		4.1%		6.6%		<u>3.8%</u>		7.1%		7.1%		<u>5.9%</u>
Total O&M	79.0%		9%	81.5%		80.4%		81.1%		87.7%		78.9%		89.3%		84.2%		79.2%		80.0%		83.2%
VALUES PER CUSTOME	R																					
Gas-only revenues	\$ 1,282	\$ 1,3	94 \$	\$ 1,569	\$	1,279	\$	1,218	\$	1,480	\$	1,279	\$	1,430	\$	1,661	\$	1,281	\$	1,359	\$	1,562
Purchased-gas expense	\$ 632	<u>\$</u> 7	42 \$	\$ 863	\$	833	\$	794	\$	1,037	\$	840	\$	1,021	\$	1,051	\$	695	\$	783	\$	923
Gross sales margin	\$ 488		98 3		\$	463	\$	418	\$	465	\$	425	\$	411	\$	473	\$	476	\$	471	\$	498
	,	•	,		•		•				•								•		,	
Total production costs ¹	\$ 794	\$8	96 \$	\$ 1,057	\$	816	\$	800	\$	1,015	\$	854	\$	1,019	\$	1,188	\$	806	\$	888	\$	1,064
Storage & LNG	\$ 8	\$	9 9	\$ 10	\$	2	\$	2	\$	3	\$	16	\$	21	\$	29	\$	8	\$	9	\$	11
Transmission	\$ 11	\$	9 9	5 12	\$	5	\$	7	\$	10	\$	1	\$	5	\$	1	\$	9	\$	8	\$	10
Distribution	\$ 65	\$	67 \$		\$	60	\$	56	\$	67	\$	77	\$	76	\$	72	\$	65	\$	66	\$	66
Customer accounts	\$ 43		46 \$		\$	38	\$	41	\$	44	\$	32	\$	50	\$	45	\$	41	\$	45	\$	48
Customer svc. & info.	\$ 5	\$	4 9		\$	9	\$	11	\$	9	\$	18	\$	21	\$	18	\$	7	\$	7	\$	8
Sales	\$ 5	\$	5 \$		\$	4	\$	3	\$	4	\$	7	\$	1	\$	1	\$	5	\$	4	\$	4
Admin. & general	\$ 99	\$ 1	00 \$	5 102	\$	82	\$	73	\$	87	\$	50	\$	86	\$	61	\$	90	\$	93	\$	94
Total O&M	\$ 1,029	\$ 1,1	35 5	\$ 1,305		1,017	\$	995	\$	1,239	\$	1,057	\$	1,279	\$	1,416	\$	1,031	\$	1,119	-	1,305
	ψ 1,020	ψ ι,Ι	00 0	,000	Ψ	.,017	Ψ	000	Ψ	1,200	Ψ	1,007	Ψ	1,210	Ψ	1,410	Ψ	1,001	Ψ	.,	Ψ	1,000

1/ Purchased cost expense is subsumed within total production costs. NOTE: Figures may not add precisely due to independent rounding

APPENDIX 5: WAGES & BENEFITS

2005 Data, 73 Utilities Reporting		Gas L	Itilities			Combinati	ion Utilities			Municipa	l Utilities			All Cor	npanies	
Stratified by Type of Company		48 f	ïrms			16 f	ïrms			9 fir	ms			73 f	ïrms	
	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG.	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG.	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG.	LQ	MED	UQ	AVG.
Average number of employees	198	539	1,302	826	80	548	1,414	1,084	143	245	451	425	159	475	1,302	829
Number of Employees at year-end	207	567	1,290	843	80	539	1,404	1,099	172	272	445	457	170	482	1,290	848
O&M wages ('000)	7,933	30,821	70,427	41,633	4,761	22,000	83,037	58,656	1,908	9,416	21,434	21,756	6,682	24,890	70,427	42,695
Construction wages ('000)	674	4,668	11,877	9,716	1,121	7,501	20,700	16,177	-	-	3,273	2,159	348	4,592	12,462	10,117
Total pensions ('000)	1,472	6,462	23,228	14,095	1,644	9,947	33,065	19,543	2,261	2,883	9,350	8,024	1,472	6,742	23,228	14,471
PER YEAR END EMPLOYEE:																
Total salary & wages	50,730	61,029	68,003	64,565	54,367	61,822	77,360	64,099	30,287	54,795	62,375	52,170	50,442	59,641	71,017	62,854
Tot. benefits & pension	12,747	17,154	22,493	16,830	13,308	19,510	31,192	22,642	10,599	15,811	21,011	15,281	11,864	17,191	23,011	17,793
Total salary, benefits, and pension	65,064	77,821	90,476	80,022	72,220	84,622	108,231	86,742	46,098	74,487	77,979	67,450	65,371	77,218	94,061	79,749
Ratio: avg. benefits to avg. compensation	19%	23%	28%	23%	21%	23%	27%	24%	21%	24%	29%	26%	20%	23%	28%	24%
Therms delivered per year-end employee	843,970	1,172,275	1,759,636	1,314,237	992,338	1,346,260	1,641,336	1,403,786	602,836	650,157	773,272	726,518	738,512	1,099,237	1,572,483	1,254,449
Customers per year-end employee	420	609	807	639	453	544	730	650	374	422	572	526	419	560	791	627

NOTE: Some ratios are not always normally distributed. Therefore, average ratio values may be subject to distortion by a few observations that are outliers. Key: LQ = Lower Quartile, MED = Median, UQ = Upper Quartile, AVG = Average

APPENDIX 6: Gas Utility Financial Performance

Based on Segment Medians	Ga	s Utilitie	S	Combi	nation U	tilities	Mun	icipal Uti	lities	All	Compani	es
	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
Asset Turnover	0.68X	0.69X	0.71X	0.48X	0.39X	0.41X	0.48X	0.43X	0.47X	0.58X	0.57X	0.62X
Financial Leverage	65.8%	65.8%	69.9%	66.8%	70.1%	70.8%	51.3%	51.7%	46.1%	65.5%	66.1%	68.8%
Debt/Equity Ratio	71.7%	68.2%	70.7%	104.4%	102.3%	106.9%	76.9%	76.4%	79.6%	79.0%	79.7%	81.9%
Equity Multiplier	3.00	2.97	3.22	3.30	3.37	3.66	1.99	2.13	2.24	2.97	2.99	3.19
Profit Margin	4.7%	4.1%	3.5%	7.2%	5.9%	5.7%	5.3%	3.9%	5.4%	5.2%	4.3%	4.7%
ROA	3.1%	2.8%	2.5%	3.5%	2.9%	2.9%	1.6%	1.3%	2.9%	3.2%	2.7%	2.8%
ROE	8.7%	8.8%	8.2%	11.2%	8.7%	9.5%	4.4%	3.2%	5.1%	8.1%	8.2%	8.2%
Current Ratio	0.86	0.94	0.96	1.12	1.06	1.16	3.10	2.01	2.99	0.98	1.00	1.02
Current Assets/Total Assets	19.4%	20.7%	24.3%	12.9%	11.7%	13.7%	24.5%	25.0%	25.5%	17.9%	18.7%	23.5%

Based on Segment Averages	Ga	s Utilitie	s	Combi	nation U	tilities	Mun	icipal Uti	lities	All	Compani	es
	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
Asset Turnover	0.66X	0.71X	0.71X	0.47X	0.42X	0.46X	0.46X	0.43X	0.45X	0.60X	0.62X	0.62X
Financial Leverage	63.1%	61.5%	67.6%	68.4%	69.1%	70.3%	51.3%	47.1%	46.4%	63.1%	61.5%	67.6%
Debt/Equity Ratio	74.4%	74.3%	85.4%	135.5%	126.2%	127.8%	104.9%	119.1%	121.0%	89.3%	90.4%	99.3%
Equity Multiplier	3.09	3.01	3.50	3.81	3.71	3.93	2.46	2.60	2.71	3.15	3.12	3.50
Profit Margin	5.6%	6.2%	4.9%	7.1%	8.3%	5.1%	4.1%	3.7%	7.6%	5.6%	6.4%	5.3%
ROA	2.8%	3.1%	2.4%	3.4%	3.3%	2.5%	2.0%	1.7%	2.7%	2.8%	3.0%	2.5%
ROE	7.6%	8.3%	7.0%	13.7%	9.0%	9.1%	3.6%	3.0%	4.6%	8.2%	7.9%	7.2%
Current Ratio	0.92	1.06	1.02	1.48	1.34	1.22	2.87	2.57	2.60	1.27	1.28	1.26
Current Assets/Total Assets	21.0%	23.2%	26.6%	13.5%	12.9%	16.3%	24.2%	24.4%	25.3%	20.0%	21.0%	24.2%

APPENDIX 7a: GAS UTILITY INCOME STATEMENTS - Per Cost Driver

Based on Segment Average

				Ga	as Utilities				Co	nbir	nation Utili	ties	6	ſ	Лun	icipal Utilit	ies			aii C	Companies	;	
	Units		2003		2004		2005		2003		2004		2005	2003		2004		2005	2003		2004		2005
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT -	Per Annual The	rms	Delivered																				
Operating revenue	\$/THERM	\$	0.6672	\$	0.7709	\$	0.8479	\$	0.6976	\$	0.7254	\$	0.8560	\$ 0.8488	\$	0.9290	\$	1.1216	\$ 0.6959	\$	0.7773	\$	0.8835
Operating expense	\$/THERM	\$	0.5118	\$	0.6005	\$	0.6747	\$	0.5473	\$	0.5745	\$	0.6969	\$ 0.6427	\$	0.8031	\$	0.9188	\$ 0.5349	\$	0.6158	\$	0.7096
Maintenance expense	\$/THERM	\$	0.0154	\$	0.0164	\$	0.0167	\$	0.0133	\$	0.0134	\$	0.0151	\$ 0.0270	\$	0.0261	\$	0.0252	\$ 0.0165	\$	0.0168	\$	0.0174
Total O&M	\$/THERM	\$	0.5271	\$	0.6170	\$	0.6913	\$	0.5607	\$	0.5879	\$	0.7120	\$ 0.6697	\$	0.8292	\$	0.9440	\$ 0.5514	\$	0.6326	\$	0.7270
Depreciation	\$/THERM	\$	0.0364	\$	0.0393	\$	0.0388	\$	0.0310	\$	0.0372	\$	0.0397	\$ 0.0362	\$	0.0375	\$	0.0418	\$ 0.0354	\$	0.0386	\$	0.0394
Depletion	\$/THERM	\$	0.0002	\$	0.0002	\$	0.0002	\$	0.0012	\$	0.0007	\$	0.0005	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 0.0004	\$	0.0003	\$	0.0003
Amortization	\$/THERM	\$	0.0006	\$	0.0013	\$	0.0024	\$	0.0033	\$	0.0022	\$	0.0033	\$ 0.0006	\$	0.0009	\$	0.0000	\$ 0.0011	\$	0.0015	\$	0.0023
Prop. loss charged to operations	\$/THERM	\$	0.0000	\$	0.0000	\$	0.0001	\$	-	\$	0.0003	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 0.0000	\$	0.0001	\$	0.0001
Total taxes	\$/THERM	\$	0.0471	\$	0.0514	\$	0.0522	\$	0.0418	\$	0.0387	\$	0.0423	\$ 0.0122	\$	0.0168	\$	0.0171	\$ 0.0417	\$	0.0450	\$	0.0457
Other operating income	\$/THERM	\$	0.0007	\$	0.0001	\$	(0.0017)	\$	0.0013	\$	0.0007	\$	(0.0000)	\$ 0.0003	\$	0.0022	\$	0.0005	\$ 0.0008	\$	0.0005	\$	(0.0010)
Total operating income	\$/THERM	\$	0.0557	\$	0.0616	\$	0.0629	\$	0.0597	\$	0.0584	\$	0.0582	\$ 0.1302	\$	0.0446	\$	0.1188	\$ 0.0659	\$	0.0592	\$	0.0687
NOTE: "\$0.0000" indicates a value w	hich, on a per-the	erm b	asis, is to	o si	mall to be	ex	pressed wi	ithin	four signif	ican	it digits.												

	Units	2003		2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT	Per Average Ann	ual Custom	ers S	erved										
Operating revenue	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 1,282	\$	1,394	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,279	\$ 1,218	\$ 1,441	\$ 1,279	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,661	\$ 1,281	\$ 1,359	\$ 1,552
Operating expense	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 1,003	\$	1,109	\$ 1,277	\$ 992	\$ 973	\$ 1,173	\$ 1,014	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,378	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,092	\$ 1,267
Maintenance expense	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 26	\$	27	\$ 28	\$ 25	\$ 22	\$ 25	\$ 43	\$ 41	\$ 38	\$ 28	\$ 27	\$ 28
Total O&M	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 1,029	\$	1,135	\$ 1,305	\$ 1,017	\$ 995	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,057	\$ 1,279	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,031	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,295
Depreciation	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 65	\$	67	\$ 66	\$ 56	\$ 62	\$ 66	\$ 52	\$ 56	\$ 59	\$ 62	\$ 65	\$ 65
Depletion	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 0
Amortization	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 2	\$	4	\$ 4	\$ 8	\$ 4	\$ 5	\$ 0	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 4
Prop. loss charged to operations	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total taxes	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 85	\$	86	\$ 88	\$ 81	\$ 66	\$ 68	\$ 20	\$ 27	\$ 27	\$ 76	\$ 75	\$ 76
Other operating income	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 2	\$	0	\$ (3)	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ (0)	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ (2)
Total operating income	\$/CUSTOMER	\$ 100	\$	102	\$ 105	\$ 115	\$ 91	\$ 104	\$ 149	\$ 66	\$ 159	\$ 109	\$ 96	\$ 112

	Units	2003	2004	2005		2003		2004	2005	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT	- Per Dollar of Gas P	lant													
Operating revenue	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.6275	\$ 0.6645	\$ 0.7222	\$	0.6522	\$	0.6352	\$ 0.7318	\$ 0.6842	\$ 0.7371	\$ 0.8398	\$ 0.6392	\$ 0.6656	\$ 0.7391
Operating expense	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.4967	\$ 0.5373	\$ 0.5942	\$	0.5181	\$	0.5134	\$ 0.5990	\$ 0.5465	\$ 0.6518	\$ 0.6765	\$ 0.5069	\$ 0.5440	\$ 0.6055
Maintenance expense	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0131	\$ 0.0124	\$ 0.0124	\$	0.0123	\$	0.0109	\$ 0.0120	\$ 0.0207	\$ 0.0196	\$ 0.0186	\$ 0.0139	\$ 0.0128	\$ 0.0131
Total O&M	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.5098	\$ 0.5497	\$ 0.6065	\$	0.5303	\$	0.5243	\$ 0.6110	\$ 0.5672	\$ 0.6714	\$ 0.6951	\$ 0.5208	\$ 0.5567	\$ 0.6186
Depreciation	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0302	\$ 0.0303	\$ 0.0296	\$	0.0289	\$	0.0324	\$ 0.0337	\$ 0.0266	\$ 0.0266	\$ 0.0271	\$ 0.0295	\$ 0.0304	\$ 0.0302
Depletion	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0002	\$ 0.0002	\$ 0.0002	\$	0.0011	\$	0.0005	\$ 0.0003	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.0003	\$ 0.0002	\$ 0.0002
Amortization	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0011	\$ 0.0015	\$ 0.0016	\$	0.0023	\$	0.0017	\$ 0.0024	\$ 0.0003	\$ 0.0003	\$ 0.0000	\$ 0.0012	\$ 0.0014	\$ 0.0016
Prop. loss charged to operations	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0000	\$ 0.0000	\$ 0.0000	\$	-	\$	0.0003	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.0000	\$ 0.0001	\$ 0.0000
Total taxes	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0412	\$ 0.0398	\$ 0.0401	\$	0.0381	\$	0.0328	\$ 0.0335	\$ 0.0100	\$ 0.0125	\$ 0.0124	\$ 0.0366	\$ 0.0354	\$ 0.0352
Other operating income	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0008	\$ 0.0002	\$ (0.0008)	\$	0.0016	\$	0.0008	\$ (0.0000) \$ 0.0003	\$ 0.0018	\$ 0.0005	\$ 0.0009	\$ 0.0005	\$ (0.0005)
Total operating income	per \$GAS PLANT \$	0.0450	\$ 0.0430	\$ 0.0441	\$	0.0513	\$	0.0433	\$ 0.0509	\$ 0.0801	\$ 0.0263	\$ 0.1051	\$ 0.0507	\$ 0.0413	\$ 0.0533
NOTE: "\$0.0000" indicates a value	which, on a per \$gas p	olant basis, is	s too small t	o be express	ed w	ithin four s	signi	ficant digit	S.						

APPENDIX 7a: GAS UTILITY INCOME STATEMENTS - Per Cost Driver (cont'd)

			Gas Utilitie	6	Co	mbiı	nation Utili	ties			1	Muni	icipal Utilit	ies			aii c	Companies	6	
	Units	2003	2004	2005	 2003		2004		2005		2003		2004		2005	 2003		2004		2005
GAS-ONLY INCOME STATEMENT	- Per Mile of Distrib	ution Pipe								_										
Operating revenue	per mile of pipe	\$ 47,272	\$ 85,099	\$ 109,015	\$ 45,741	\$	76,882	\$	104,098	\$	46,094	\$	100,343	\$	112,192	\$ 46,846	\$	84,866	\$	108,379
Operating expense	per mile of pipe	\$ 36,702	\$ 66,365	\$ 87,738	\$ 35,375	\$	61,070	\$	85,589	\$	39,262	\$	86,733	\$	92,569	\$ 36,792	\$	67,325	\$	87,896
Maintenance expense	per mile of pipe	\$ 940	\$ 1,686	\$ 1,989	\$ 884	\$	1,395	\$	1,804	\$	1,740	\$	3,326	\$	2,730	\$ 1,032	\$	1,793	\$	2,044
Total O&M	per mile of pipe	\$ 37,641	\$ 68,051	\$ 89,727	\$ 36,259	\$	62,464	\$	87,393	\$	41,002	\$	90,059	\$	95,298	\$ 37,824	\$	69,118	\$	89,940
Depreciation	per mile of pipe	\$ 2,299	\$ 4,054	\$ 4,493	\$ 2,017	\$	3,845	\$	4,555	\$	1,763	\$	3,825	\$	3,878	\$ 2,180	\$	3,983	\$	4,428
Depletion	per mile of pipe	\$ 28	\$ 73	\$ 74	\$ 86	\$	75	\$	65	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 35	\$	66	\$	63
Amortization	per mile of pipe	\$ 79	\$ 258	\$ 270	\$ 291	\$	229	\$	195	\$	68	\$	171	\$	0	\$ 116	\$	242	\$	220
Prop. loss charged to operations	per mile of pipe	\$ 3	\$5	\$ 13	\$ -	\$	58	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	\$	16	\$	9
Total taxes	per mile of pipe	\$ 3,445	\$ 6,069	\$ 6,841	\$ 2,889	\$	4,125	\$	4,768	\$	711	\$	1,666	\$	1,659	\$ 2,995	\$	5,171	\$	5,746
Other operating income	per mile of pipe	\$ 91	\$ 12	\$ (235)	\$ 76	\$	60	\$	(1)	\$	238	\$	300	\$	53	\$ 107	\$	53	\$	(149)
Total operating income	per mile of pipe	\$ 3,776	\$ 6,590	\$ 7,596	\$ 4,199	\$	6,084	\$	7,121	\$	2,550	\$	4,622	\$	11,356	\$ 3,695	\$	6,270	\$	7,972
NOTE: Starting in 2004, services are	e excluded from the	pipe calculat	ion																	

APPENDIX 7b: GAS UTILITY FINANCIAL RATIOS

Based on Segment Average

Stratified by Type of Company		s Utilities		ion Utilities	Municipal Utilities	All Companies	
	2003	2004 2005	2003 20	004 2005	2003 2004 2005	2003 2004 2005	-
Therms delivered (avg.) per acct. Therms per \$1,000 of gas plant	2,185 1,075	2,093 2,110 1,028 1,029	1,953 1,065	1,791 1,966 982 1,065	1,594 1,577 1,493 906 860 783	2,068 1,972 2,003 1,052 1,000 1,007	
Value of gas plant per customer	\$ 2,184 \$	2,241 \$ 2,258	\$ 2,035 \$	1,971 \$ 2,041 \$	\$ 1,941 \$ 2,093 \$ 2,128	\$ 2,126 \$ 2,166 \$ 2,195	
%Sales firm (not interruptible)	89%	90% 90%	96%	98% 97%	80% 82% 83%	89% 91% 91%	ò
Collection period (days) 1/	40.8	37.1 47.2	26.8	28.6 31.8	48.2 40.4 39.7	39.2 35.5 42.9	
Gas O&M expense as pct. of revenue Gas oper. income as pct. of revenue	79% 8%	81% 82% 7% 7%	81% 8%	82% 83% 7% 7%	89%90%83%5%4%12%	81% 82% 83% 8% 7% 8%	
Gas operating revenue per customer	\$ 1,282 \$	1,394 \$ 1,569	\$ 1,279 \$	1,218 \$ 1,441 \$	\$ 1,279 \$ 1,430 \$ 1,661	\$ 1,281 \$ 1,359 \$ 1,552	
Gas O&M expense per customer	\$ 1,029 \$	1,135 \$ 1,305	\$ 1,017 \$	995 \$ 1,198 \$	\$ 1,174 \$ 1,279 \$ 1,416	\$ 1,044 \$ 1,119 \$ 1,295	
Gas operating income per customer	\$ 100 \$	102 \$ 105	\$ 115 \$	91 \$ 104 \$	\$ 149 \$ 66 \$ 159	\$ 109 \$ 96 \$ 112	
Gas revenue per dollar of gas plant Gas O&M expense per \$ of gas plant Gas oper. income per \$ of gas plant	\$ 0.5098 \$	0.5497 \$ 0.6065	\$ 0.5303 \$ 0	0.5243 \$ 0.6110 \$	\$ 0.6842 \$ 0.7371 \$ 0.8398 \$ 0.6302 \$ 0.6714 \$ 0.6951 \$ 0.0801 \$ 0.0263 \$ 0.1051	\$ 0.6392 \$ 0.6656 \$ 0.7391 \$ 0.5276 \$ 0.5567 \$ 0.6186 \$ 0.0507 \$ 0.0413 \$ 0.0533	;
Gas revenue per mile of pipe 2/	\$ 47.272 \$	85.099 \$ 109.015	\$ 45.741 \$ 7	76,882 \$ 104,098 \$	\$ 46,094 \$ 100,343 \$ 112,192	\$ 46,846 \$ 84,866 \$ 108,379	,
Gas O&M expense per mile of pipe 2/	\$ 37,641 \$	68,051 \$ 89,727	\$ 36,259 \$ 6	62,464 \$ 87,393 \$	\$ 45,557 \$ 90,059 \$ 95,298	\$ 38,315 \$ 69,118 \$ 89,940)
Gas oper. income per mile of pipe 2/	\$ 3,776 \$	6,590 \$ 7,596	\$ 4,199 \$	6,084 \$ 7,121 \$	\$ 2,550 \$ 4,622 \$ 11,356	\$ 3,695 \$ 6,270 \$ 7,972	
LT debt - total assets ratio1/LT debt - total capitalization ratio1/3/Net interest - long-term debt ratio1/EBITDA interest coverage1/	22.1% 37.2% 9.6% 9.7x	22.2% 22.5% 37.0% 40.1% 8.1% 8.6% 8.6x 8.9x	32.8% 51.1% 8.1% 5.6x	33.1% 31.3% 52.5% 52.6% 6.9% 6.9% 5.9x 5.8x	34.0% 33.2% 33.2% 43.3% 39.1% 40.2% 4.1% 5.3% 4.4% 7.6x 5.0x 5.8x	25.6% 25.8% 25.8% 40.5% 40.7% 42.9% 8.5% 7.5% 7.7% 8.7x 7.6x 7.9x	6 6 X
Return on assets	2.8%	3.1% 2.4%	3.4%	3.3% 3.1%	2.0% 1.7% 2.7%	2.8% 3.0% 2.6%	D

1/ Figures for combination utilities are necessarily based on combined gas and electric operations.

2/ Miles of distribution pipes and services combined. Starting in 2004, services are excluded from the pipe calculation

3/ Total capitalization figure in this display includes preferred stock.

NOTE: Some ratios are not always normally distributed. Therefore, average ratio values may be subject to distortion by a few observations that are outliers.

APPENDIX 8: GAS UTILITY WAGE AND BENEFITS

Based on Segment Average

	Gas Utilities						Con	nbi	nation U	tiliti	es	Mur	nici	pal Utilit	ies			All Companies						
Stratified by Type of Company																								
		2003		2004		2005	 2003		2004		2005	 2003		2004		2005	_	2003		2004		2005		
Average number of employees		672		759		826	 435		973		1,084	 386		435		425		597		773		829		
Number of Employees at year-end		766		785		843	472		995		1,099	408		459		457		672		797		848		
O&M wages ('000)	\$	34,824	\$	36,226	\$	41,633	\$ 21,730	\$	48,164	\$	58,656	\$ 18,392	\$	23,262	\$	21,756	\$	30,583	\$	37,515	\$	42,695		
Construction wages ('000)	\$	7,295	\$	8,478	\$	9,716	\$ 6,867	\$	15,815	\$	16,177	\$ 836	\$	1,303	\$	2,159	\$	6,445	\$	9,352	\$	10,117		
Total pensions ('000)	\$	11,102	\$	12,053	\$	14,095	\$ 6,953	\$	14,759	\$	19,543	\$ 6,615	\$	8,185	\$	8,024	\$	9,844	\$	12,249	\$	14,471		
PER EMPLOYEE(1/):																								
Total salary & wages	\$	58,184	\$	60,774	\$	64,565	\$ 67,692	\$	64,524	\$	64,099	\$ 45,323	\$	54,362	\$	52,170	\$	58,289	\$	60,892	\$	62,854		
Tot. benefits & pension	\$	14,257	\$	15,560	\$	16,830	\$ 16,131	\$	17,849	\$	22,642	\$ 13,120	\$	14,767	\$	15,281	\$	14,445	\$	15,969	\$	17,793		
Total salary, benefits, and pension	\$	72,441	\$	76,334	\$	80,022	\$ 83,823	\$	82,372	\$	86,742	\$ 58,443	\$	69,129	\$	67,450	\$	72,734	\$	76,861	\$	79,749		
Ratio: avg. benefits to avg. compensation		18.6%		20.0%		23.2%	18.9%		22.5%		24.5%	29.6%		25.8%		26.5%		19.9%		21.1%		23.8%		
Therms sold per year-end employee		1,239,068		1,215,866		1,314,237	1,554,590		1,463,508		1,403,786	677,386		779,549		726,518		1,226,357		1,222,241		1,254,449		
Customers per year-end employee		595		587		639	763		799		650	424		492		526		603		622		627		

1/ year-end employees

APPENDIX 9: COMPANIES STUDIED

Consolidations are limited to LDC business units.

		rs Rep				s Repo	
GAS IOUs		2004		GAS IOUs (cont.)		2004	
AGL Resources	Х	Х	Х	Southwest Gas Corporation	Х	Х	Х
Aquila Networks			Х	Southwestern Virginia Gas Co.	Х	Х	Х
Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Corp	Х	Х	Х	Union Oil & Gas Co.	Х	Х	Х
Arkansas Western Gas Company	Х	Х	Х	Vermont Gas		Х	Х
Atmos Energy Corporation	Х	Х	Х	Washington Gas Light Company	Х	Х	Х
Berkshire Gas Company	Х	Х	Х	Yankee Gas Services Company	Х	Х	Х
Centerpointe Energy - Minnesota Gas Co	Х	Х	Х				
Centerpointe Energy - Southern Gas - Arkla	Х	Х	Х				
Centerpointe Energy - Southern Gas - Entex	Х	Х	Х	COMBINATION IOUs	2003	2004	2005
Chesapeake Utilities Corp	Х			Ameren Corp.	Х	Х	Х
Citizens Gas & Coke Utility	Х	Х	Х	Avista Corp	Х	Х	Х
Citizens Gas Fuel Company	Х	Х		Baltimore Gas & Electric Co.	Х	Х	Х
City Gas Company - WI	Х	Х		Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corp.	Х	Х	Х
City Gas Company of Florida, a Division of NUI	Х			Consumers Energy		Х	Х
Corning Natural Gas Corp	Х	Х	Х	DTE Energy			Х
Delta Natural Gas Company	Х	Х	Х	Florida Public Utilities Company	Х	Х	Х
Dominion Peoples	Х	Х	Х	Gainesville Regional Utilities		Х	Х
Dominion East Ohio Gas Company	Х	Х	Х	Madison Gas & Electric Company	Х		
Enstar Natural Gas Company	Х	Х	Х	Missouri Public Service	Х	Х	Х
Equitable Resources, Inc.	Х	Х	Х	Pacific Gas & Electric		Х	Х
Gasco, Inc (BHP Gas Co)		Х		PECO Energy Company (consolidated)	Х	Х	Х
Hope Gas, Inc.	Х	Х	Х	Public Service Company of Colorado	Х	Х	
Illinois Gas Company	Х	х	Х	Public Service Enterprises		х	
Indiana Gas Company, Inc.	Х	Х	Х	Puget Sound Energy	Х	х	Х
Intermountain Gas Company	Х	х	Х	Sierra Pacific Power Co	Х		
KeySpan Energy Delivery - NYC	Х	х	Х	Southern Indiana Gas & Elec Co	Х	х	Х
KeySpan Energy Delivery New England	х	Х	Х	St. Joseph Light & Power	Х	х	Х
KeySpan Gas East - LILCO	Х	Х	Х	TXU	Х		
Laclede Gas Company	х	х	Х	UGI Utilities, Inc.	Х	х	Х
Michigan Consolidated Gas Co	х	Х		WE Energies	Х	х	Х
Michigan Gas Utilities	X	Х	х				
Mobile Gas Service Corporation	X	Х	X				
National Fuel Gas Company	х	х	Х				
New Jersey Natural Gas Company	X	Х	X				
Nicor Gas And Sub Companies	X	X	X	MUNICIPALS	2003	2004	2005
North Shore Gas Company	X	Х	X	Colorado Springs Utilities	X	X	X
Northern Indiana Fuel And Light	X	X	X	Knoxville Utilities Board	X	X	X
Northwest Natural Gas Company	X	X	X	Memphis Light, Gas & Water Div	X	X	X
NSTAR Gas	X	X	X	Metropolitan Util Dist-Omaha	X	X	X
NUI - Elizabethtown Gas Company	X		~	Middle Tenn Nat Gas Util Dist	X	X	X
Ohio Gas Company	X	Х	х	Okaloosa County Gas District	X		
Ohio Valley Gas Corporation	X	X	~	Owatonna Public Utilities	X	Х	Х
Ohio Valley Gas Inc.	X	X		Philadelphia Gas Works	X	X	X
Oklahoma Natural Gas	X	x	Х	Richmond Dept. of Pub. Util., City of	X	x	X
Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company	X	x	X	San Antonio Public Service Board	~	~	x
Peoples Gas System, Inc.	x	x	X	Westfield Gas & Electric Light	х		~
Peoples Natural Gas Company (Omaha)	X	x	~		~		
Piedmont Natural Gas Company	x	x	х				
Questar Gas Company	x	x	x				
	X	x	x				
Semco Energy (S.E. Michigan)	^	^	^				